PUBLISHED FRIDAY MORNING
BY
BUEHLER & CO.,
Baltimore st. between Court-house and Diamond,
Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal reduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year.—Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style, will be printed at short notice. TERMS CASH.

The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXX. NO. 38. GETTYSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1870. WHOLE NO. 3626

Professional Cards, &c.

H. B. WOODS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Has resumed the Practice of LAW, and will attend to any business in the Courts of Adams county. Office:—Hon. J. B. Danner's Building, South East corner of Diamond.
March 4, 1870—tf

J. M. KRAUTH, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to.
Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house.
June 18, 1869—tf

D. MCCONAUGHY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug Store, Chambersburg street.
Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims for Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States, at all times promptly and efficiently attended to.
Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States.
June 18, 1869—tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will promptly attend to collections and all other Business trusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock's and Danner & Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa.
May 29, 1867—tf

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court-house.
May 29, 1867—tf

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.
May 29, 1867—tf

D. R. H. S. HUBER. South-east corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, opposite COL. TATE'S EAGLE HOTEL.
June 11, 1869—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL Has his office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.
May 29, 1867—tf

JOHN L. HILL, M. D., DENTIST. Office on Chambersburg street, nearly opposite the EAGLE HOTEL, Gettysburg, Pa.
☞Having been in constant practice over 20 years patients can be assured of good work.
July 9, 1867—tf

DR. J. E. BERKSTRESSER, DENTIST. Having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in York street, nearly opposite the Globe Inn, where he will be prepared to attend to any cases within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full or partial sets of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable.
July 30, 1869—tf

Carriages, Harness, &c.

D. MCCREARY, J. F. MCCREARY.

"BEST ALWAYS CHEAPEST."

The Best and Cheapest,

Saddles, Bridles, Collars

and HARNESS of all kinds, in the County, are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.

(MCCREARY'S.)

OUR RIDING and WAGON SADDLES, are the most substantially built and neatest.
OUR HARNESS, both mild and silver mounted, are complete in every respect and warranted to be very best material and workmanship.
OUR UPPER LEATHER DRAFT COLLARS can not be beat. They are the best FITTING and most durable.
OUR HEAVY DRAFT HARNESS, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.
RIDING BRIDLES, WHIPS, LASHES, DRAFT Hames, Fly-nets and everything. *None better or cheaper.*
OUR PRICES have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.
A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $5 or more.
We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.
Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.
☞Give us a call and examine *prices and quality.*
D. MCCREARY & SON.
Jan. 29, 1868—tf

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES.

REMOVAL.

THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to the east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of Work in his line, viz:

CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.

His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits orders, confident that he can please.
REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates.
W. K. GALLAGHER.
July 1, 1868—ly

SAVE YOUR HORSES!

PATENT ELASTIC CORK
HORSE COLLARS.

THE undersigned has for sale these CELEBRATED COLLARS, manufactured by Haber & Berry, Philadelphia, which are now used by all the City Passenger Railroad Companies for the protection of their stock. They are lighter in weight, absorb no moisture, and do not heat. The Cork with which they are stuffed being very elastic, the Collar adjusts to the shape of the animal, and consequently does not chafe. Farmers, try them. Also,

HARNESS

of all kinds for sale and made to order. Call at my establishment on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa., adjoining Passenger Depot.
May 24, 1870—tf JOHN CULP.

CARRIAGE-MAKING.

The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the

Carriage-Making Business,

at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C.,

on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.
☞REPAIRING☜
done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.
A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.
Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they respectfully will endeavor to deserve a large share the future.
May 29, 1867—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

Butchering.

MEAT MARKET!!

NEW FIRM!

GEO. B. STOYER & THAD. S. WIBLE,

HAVING entered into partnership in the Butchering Business, will carry it on in all branches. All kinds of

Fresh Meat Every Day.

Beef every Tuesday and Saturday morning. Small meats every Wednesday, Thursday and Friday mornings.
Market stand at Geo. B. Stoyer's residence on Chambersburg street, second Square.
Those having fat stock for sale will find it to their advantage to call on or address the new Firm.
STOYER & WIBLE.
Aug. 13, 1869—tf

West Middle Street Market

(Near the Court-house.)

Every Day in the Week,

SUNDAY EXCEPTED.

Fresh Beef three times a week, Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday mornings. Lamb, Veal or Mutton every day. Orders left at my market in the evening, will be promptly delivered the following morning.
GEORGE A. CODORI.
June 18, 1869—tf

Business Cards.

NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering & Trimming.

WILLIAM E. CULP

HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for covering

SOFAS, CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate.
Dec. 11—tf

BLACKSMITHING.

B. G. HOLLEBAUGH

HAS opened a Blacksmith Shop on Washington street, next door to Chritzman's Carpenter Shop, and is prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, at reasonable rates, and invites a share of public patronage.
REPAIRING of all kinds. Give us a Call.
April 30, 1869—tf

COOPERING.

PETER CULP

Has commenced the

COOPERING BUSINESS

in all its branches at his residence on the Mummasburg road, at the end of Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa. The public can always have made to order all kinds and styles of

MEAT VESSELS,
CROUT STANDS,
PICKEL STANDS,
TUBS,
FLOUR BARRELS,

I also manufacture 5 and 10 gal. Kegs, Cider Barrels. And all other kinds of Coopering. Repairing done cheaply and with despatch. Give us a call.
[Aug. 13, 1869—tf

GRANITE YARD,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.

PETER BEITLER

Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates.

Curbing, Sills, Steps,

ASHLERS, POSTS, MONUMENTS, CEMETERY BLOCKS, &C., &C.,

cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.
☞Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
June 3—tf

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

ROBERT D. ARMOR,

Gas Fitter, Plumber and Bell Hanger,

Can be found at his residence on corner of East Middle and Stratton streets,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Will promptly attend to all orders in his line—Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights, &c.; also, WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Frost Stopcocks, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.
Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired.
[April 29, 1870—tf

GETTYSBURG BAKERY.

THE firm of Newport & Ziegler having been dissolved, the undersigned will continue the Baking business, in all its branches, at the old stand,

Corner of South Washington and West Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa.

All kinds of

CRACKERS, CAKES, BREAD, ROLLS, PRETZELS, &c.

constantly baked and always to be had fresh.
With many years experience and every disposition to please, he feels that he can promise satisfaction to all who favor him with their custom. Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. With many thanks for the patronage bestowed on the old firm, its continuance is asked.
April 9, 1869—tf BALTZER NEWPORT.

STEAM SAW MILL.

THE undersigned has in operation a STEAM SAW MILL, at the South Mountain, near Graeffenburg Springs, and is prepared to saw to order bills of

White Oak, Pine, Hemlock,

or any kind of Timber desired, at the shortest notice and at low rates. He also manufactures

Shingles, Pailings, &c.

LUMBER

delivered at any point at the LOWEST RATES—3 per cent. will be deducted for the cash payments, or interest will be charged from the time of delivery of Lumber. Thankful for past favors, he would desire a continuance for the future.
All letters should be addressed to him at Graefenburg P. O. Adams county, Pa.
HENRY MILTENBERGER.
Oct. 29, 1869—tf

ICE CREAM SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL,

Chambersburg st., Gettysburg, Pa., next door to Eagle Hotel,

Has always on hand a large assortment of all kinds of

CONFECTIONERY,

made of the best materials, with Fruits, Almonds, Raisins, Figs, Cakes, &c.

ICE CREAM,

served to customers, and orders for Families or Parties promptly filled. Having special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen, and determined to please, he invites his friends to give him a call.
[April 8, 1870—tf

GUNSMITHING!

BATTLE-FIELD RELICS!

Canes, Shells, Bullets!

E. WOODWARD

Would respectfully call the attention of the public to his large assortment of Relics gathered on the Gettysburg Battle-field.
Gunsmithing attended to with promptness and all work warranted.
Give us a call at our place of business on Carlisle street, (McConaughy's Hall,) near the Depot, Gettysburg, Pa.
[July 29, 1870—tf

JEREMIAH CULP,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

UNDERTAKER

AND PAPER-HANGER,

is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms,

COFFINS of all Styles.

He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.
Plain and Fancy Sign Painting executed to order.
☞York street, a few doors east of Lutheran Church.
May 21, 1869—tf

ISAAC K. STAUFFER.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

No. 146 North Second Street, corner of Quarry,
PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.
☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to.
[Aug. 13, 1869—ly

Marble Yards.

W. N. MILLER'S

MARBLE WORKS,

Cor. of Baltimore and East Middle sts.,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Every Description of Work executed in the finest style of the Art.

ALL KINDS OF

CAST, WROUGHT AND WIRE

RAILINGS,

FURNISHED ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.
June 17, 1870.—tf

GETTYSBURG

MARBLE WORKS,

MEALS & BROTHER,

East York Street, second Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of Work in their line, such as

Monuments, Head-Stones,

TOMBS, MANTLES, &c.,

at the shortest notice—cheap as the cheapest.
☞Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange.
May 29, 1867.—tf

Miscellaneous.

THE CUCUMBER WOOD

PUMP!!

One dozen reasons why this is the best Pump manufactured in America for

WELLS AND CISTERNS.

1. It is Simple. 2. It is Reliable. 3. It is Durable. 4. It Works very Easily. 5. It throws Water Rapidly. 6. It is all Wood. 7. The Wood is Tasteless. 8. It does not Crack in the Sun. 9. It is not liable to get out of order. 10. Should any repairs be necessary in time, they can easily be made by any person. 11. It will not freeze. 12. It is Cheaper than any other reliable Pump manufactured.

TESTIMONIALS.

In testimony of the superior character of this Pump, we refer, by permission, to the following persons who have had it in use, and tested it with entire satisfaction:

Jer. Biesecker, Franklin tp.; George Smith, Huntington tp.; Arnold Lives, Franklin tp.; A. K. Myers, Latimore Tp.; John Cress, Gettysburg; H. F. Bigham, Greenmount; Peter Shively, Fairfield; Daniel King, Fairfield; Wm. Young, Mountjoy tp.; Andrew Hunterstock, Tyrone tp.

Persons requiring Pumps for wells or cisterns, can call upon the undersigned, and complete and ready for use by sending the depth of the well or cistern. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases or no payment required.
Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.
JOSEPH KUNKLE.
McKnightstown, Adams county, Pa.
Oct. 29, 1869—ly

RENOVATE YOUR

FEATHERS!

THE undersigned offers to the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity a rare chance to avail themselves of the unparalled benefits of this unrivalled

Feather Dressing and Renovating Machine,

The most successful patent of the kind ever offered to the public. And we venture the prediction that it never will be excelled, for it proves to be exactly what all combined qualities of Feathers, from entirely new to old and much worn out, can be given them as perfect as age, quality and condition will admit of. Now being made.

The Cleansing is Done Entirely by Steam.

No fire coming near the Feathers, consequently no possibility of burning, scorching, or otherwise injuring them. By this process all moths are destroyed and removed, the Feathers cleansed, the fibres straightened and matted position, giving a bed an astonishing increase in bulk, often more than one-half; also removing all disagreeable scent which is so common to new as well as old Feathers. In fact giving the appearance and qualities of new Feathers, and relieving them from all liability to moths by the removal of all gummy or glutinous matter from the quill. Our facilities are such, that by short notice, we can take and return beds the same day, well dressed and ready for immediate use.
We warrant entire satisfaction or make no charge. All persons, especially ladies, are invited to call and see the machine in operation, at Paxton's store room, on Baltimore street, and judge for themselves.
☞Feathers called for and returned in town without extra charge.
J. FLETCHER.
July 1—2m

WANTED AGENTS,

to canvass for

PERKINS AND BOUSE'S NON-EXPLOSIVE

KEROSENE LAMP,

pronounced by more than 50 Professors in our Colleges,

Absolutely Safe

—saves 38 per cent. of oil—no bad odor—Will not break or wear out, because metalic. Our agents make money, because it supplies a want as universal as light.
For full particulars address, with stamp,
BENJ. F. BOWEN,
2d Floor, Mechanics' Bank,
Harrisburg, Pa.
Oct. 15, 1869.—tf

YOUNT'S COMPOUND

FOR THE CURE OF

PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA,

or any other Inflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, *SCARLET FEVER.* This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES,

in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.
☞Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & CO., Gettysburg, Pa., and by their authorized agents.—For sale at nearly all the Stores in Adams county.
ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.
May 29, 1867.—tf

FURNITURE.

Joseph Walton & Co.,

Cabinet-makers,

No. 413 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

OUR establishment is one of the oldest in Philadelphia, and from long experience and superior facilities we are prepared to furnish good work in reasonable time.
We manufacture plain furniture, and also medium priced furniture of superior quality. A large stock of furniture always on hand. Goods all work warranted.
Give us a call at our place of business on Carlisle street, (McConaughy's Hall,) near the Depot, Gettysburg, Pa.
[July 29, 1870.—tf

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UNDERTAKER

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COFFINS of all Styles.

He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.
Plain and Fancy Sign Painting executed to order.
☞York street, a few doors east of Lutheran Church.
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An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.
☞Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to.
[Aug. 13, 1869—ly

WEDDING CARDS, Business Cards, Visiting Cards, Tickets, Tags, &c., &c., printed with neatness, cheapness and despatch.

Medical.

Baltimore Lock Hospital.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Physician of this celebrated Institution, has discovered the most Certain, Speedy, Pleasant and Effectual Remedy in the World for all

DISEASES OF IMPRUDENCE,

Weakness of the Back, or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys, or Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the heart, Timidity, Trembling, Dimness of Sight, or Giddiness, Diseases of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those terrible disorders arising from Solitary Habits of Youth—secrecy and solitary practices, more fatal to their victims, than the songs of the Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes, or anticipations, rendering marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

especially, who have become the Victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of Eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, aware of Physical Weakness (Loss of Procreative Power—Impotency,) Nervous Excitability, Palpitation, Organic Weakness, Nervous Debility, or any other disqualification, speedily relieved.
He who places himself under the care of Dr. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidentially rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

IMPOTENCY, LOSS OF POWER,

Immediately Cured, and Full Vigor Restored.
This distressing affection—which renders life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny, that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those failing into improper habits, than by the prudent? Besides being deprived of the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms of both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

Relief in Six Hours! No Mercury!
Persons Ruined by Ignorant, Trifling Pretenders, and their Deadly Poisons, should apply immediately.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London. Graduate of one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper Indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, rendering them for either business, study, society or marriage.
These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by the early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded. Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.
Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of Consumption.

YOUNG MEN

who have injured themselves by a certain practice, indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions or at School, the effects of which are mightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.
What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the pride of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyment of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons must, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospect hourly darkens to the view, and the mind is filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another is blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an idea of shame or dread of discovery deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of the disease become more apparent, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid spectacle, an object of terror to himself and friends, and if not cured runs till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending the unhappy victim to an early country. Thus whence no traveler returns.
It is a melancholy fact, that thousands DIE victims to this terrible disease, through failing into the hands of Ignorant or Unskillful PRETENDERS, who, by the use of that deadly Poison, Mercury, destroy the constitution, and incapacity for curing, keep the unhappy sufferer month after month in their infernal dens, extracting his precious pounds, and instead of being restored to health, all of HIS vigor and happiness, in despair leave him with ruined health, to sigh over his galling disappointment.
Be sure, therefore, Dr. JOHNSTON pledges himself to preserve the most Inviolable Secrecy, and the great Hospitals of Europe, and the first in this country, viz: England, France, Philadelphia and elsewhere, have long confer the most Speedy, Certain and Effectual Remedy in the World for all diseases of Imprudence.

DR. JOHNSTON,

OFFICE, 7 SOUTH FREDERICK STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.,

left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe the name and number.
☞No letters received unless postpaid and containing a stamp for reply. Persons writing should state age, and send a portion of advertisement describing symptoms.
There are so many Paltry, Designing and Worthless Impostors advertising themselves as Physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of all who unfortunately fall into their power, that Dr. JOHNSTON deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation, that his Credentials or Diplomas always hang in his office.

ENDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured at this establishment, year after year, and the numerous Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston witnessed by the representatives of the press and many other persons, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

March 11, 1870—1yJpr

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

Probably never before in the whole history of medicine, has anything won so widely and so deeply upon the confidence of mankind, as this excellent remedy for pulmonary complaints. Through a long series of years, and among most of the races of men it has risen higher and higher in their estimation, as it has become better known, in its power to subdue and cure the various affections of the lungs and throat, here made it known as a reliable protector against them. While adapted to all ages, it is the special favorite of young children, it is at the same time the most effectual remedy that can be given for incipient consumption, and the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs. As a provision against sudden attacks of *Croup*, it should be kept on hand in every family, and indeed as all are sometimes subject to colds and coughs, all should be provided with this antidote for them.
Although settled *Consumption* is thought incurable still great numbers of cases where the disease seemed settled, have been completely cured, and the patient restored to sound health by the use of this remedy. So complete is its mastery over the disorders of the Lungs and Throat, that the most obstinate of them yield to it. When nothing else could reach them, under the *Cherry Pectoral* they subside and disappear.
Singers and Public Speakers find great protection from it.
Asthma is always relieved and often wholly cured by it.
Bronchitis is generally cured by taking the *Cherry Pectoral* in small and frequent doses.
So generally are its virtues known that we need not publish the certificates of them here, or do more than assure the public that its qualities are fully maintained.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and indeed all the affections which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

As its name implies, it does *Cure*, and does not fail. Containing neither Arsenic, Quinine, Rosin, Zinc, nor any other mineral or poisonous substance whatever, it in nowise injures any patient. The number and importance of its cures in the districts disease literally beyond account, and we believe without a parallel in the history of Ague medicine. Our pride is gratified by the acknowledgments we receive of the radical cures effected in obstinate cases, and where other remedies had wholly failed.
Unacclimated persons, either resident in, or traveling through miasmatic localities, will be protected by taking the *A GUIDE OUIDE* daily.
☞The public are cautioned against parties who use the name of HOWE in connection with their machines, on account of the popularity of the Howe Machine. There are none GENUINE unless they have imbedded in each machine a medallion bearing the likeness of ELIAS HOWE, JR., on it, &c.
[Feb. 26, 1870.—tf

PRICE, $1.00 PER BOTTLE

☞For sale in Gettysburg, Pa., by A. D. BUEHLER, Agent.
[Jan. 21, 1870.—ly[ed

MY BOY.

BY ALICE ROBBINS.

Little Tip was a tumbler; not a glass tumbler, though he might perhaps be truly called an earthen one. His peculiar vocation was to make a wheel of himself, by which he annoyed unprotected women and children. He would tumble over and over the entire length of the street, bobbing his head and holding out his hand for pennies between every somersault.
Poor Tip! he got more kicks and bruises than pennies. Not that the ladies—gentle hearts—ever repulsed him with rudeness; but the policemen did.
To them, poor little Tip, with his shock of untidy hair, his tearful eyes, and active legs, was simply a nuisance, and must be put down. As to his being a human bit of flesh and blood, I don't suppose such an idea ever came into their heads. It was their duty to keep him down or up; for he contrived to be on his head half of his life, and was a great trial to them.
Now, Tip was not an ugly, wizen-faced, meager, starved-looking boy, at all; neither was he very cunning or very vicious, that I could see. He had eyes large, dark, and really beautiful, fringed with heavy silken lashes; a fair skin, where you could see it for the dirt, and pretty features. I never met the little torment but I found myself wondering how he would look dressed in Knickerbockers, his curly hair carefully combed out, and his face thoroughly washed.
One day he appeared at my window, crying, as usual. He was a veritable little crocodile. I had never spoken to him; but now, obeying a sudden impulse, I had him called in.
"What is the matter with you, my boy?" I asked.
"I—I'm hungry," he said, whimpering.
"Then why don't you buy some bread? You've more than one penny in your pocket." I touched the ragged jacket with the paper-folder I held in my hands, and the coppers jingled. He looked up scared; but, seeing me smile, took courage.
"What is your name?" I asked.
"Tip Toodles," was his rejoinder.
"No but your other name. The children, I suppose, call you that."
"I hain't no other name," he made reply.
"Was that your father's name?"
"I hain't got no father."
"Well, is your mother's name Toodles?"
"No, she's Mattie," was the answer.
"Are you really hungry, Tip?"
"N—not very," he stammered.
"Who do you give your money to, my boy?"
"I gives it to my mother," he replied, looking down, while his child's face burned.
"And do you never spend it?"
He shook his head.
"Would you like a new suit of clothes, and do you think your mother would let you go to school?"
"I dunno," he answered, looking down and casting furtive glances about the room.
"Well, Tip, if you will wash your face nicely," I said, "I will give you a good breakfast."
His eyes brightened as he looked up. I led him to the bath-room, gave him plenty of soap and water, and when the child came out I should not have known him.
"He's a regular beauty," spoke Katy, stealthily, as she set out some breakfast for him on the kitchen table.
After he had eaten all he wanted, I put on my bonnet and water-proof, as the day looked threatening, and told the boy to lead me to his home. We were soon there, in the very heart of a crowded misshapen court, in the very top room of a horribly vile tenement-house. There I found the woman he called his mother.
She was old and haggard. When we went in, she was on her knees trying to blow a few damp chips into a flame. Some stale bread lay in slices on the broken hearth, in the midst of scattered ashes. I supposed she intended to toast it. The woman herself was not bad looking, but her dress was odiously foul with dirt. There were only a broken chair, a pan of coals, and a heap of rags in the room. No table, no beds; nothing of comforts. Even the windows were stuffed with paper to keep the pure air out.
"I have brought home your boy," I said, cheerfully, as the woman arose.
"I'm sorry I haven't a cheer for ye," she said, politely; "and, as for Tip, why he ain't my boy, you know, of course."
"But you take care of him."
"Laws, no, Miss, he takes care on his-self, and helps me a little, by tumbling."
"Are his parents living, then, and whose child is he?"
"You asks me more nor I can answer," was the reply, as she wiped her hands on her ragged gown. "Old Tom Green, him that was a tinker, had him a couple o' year; and they do say hereabouts as how Tip was stole."
"Then you don't know as Tip is his name?"
"Bless ye, miss, no, indeed. That's what we calls him hereabouts. He's a good child as young ones go; but I reckon, if you asks Granny Loot, who lives in the basement, she'll tell you somethin' about him. Tip, take the lady down to Granny Loot. You'll hev to holler some."
The boy went obediently down-stairs; and, slipping a piece of money into the woman's hand, I followed him.
The way was fearfully dark and fright-fully dirty; but the basement into which I was conducted was clean and almost comfortable. In one corner, on a low bed, crouched a strange, shrunken old figure, as like to a mummy as anything alive could possibly be. At the one window sat a tidy-looking, girl busily sewing.
"I have come," I said, addressing the girl, who looked up with a startled face, "to find out something about this boy."
"O, Granny remembers when he came here. Don't you, Granny?" she shrieked in the old creature's ear. "It's about Tip. The woman wants to know. Old Heeps brought him here, didn't he?"
"Yes," muttered the old woman, with many nods, her bright eyes fixed on my face. "Heeps, he did. Stole 'em, he did. I always knowed it. Who is *she?* His mammy?"
I shook my head.
"Heeps is dead now. He was a wicked man," pursued the old woman; "and he stole that child. I remember he wasn't much more'n a baby then, and there was ansecident out on the L. road—a dreadful smash-up. When Heeps brought that boy home, he had on pretty clothes, and pretty trinkets, hey, did he; and, if Heeps hadn't had us all under his little finger, there'd a been trouble, there would. But Heeps is dead now, and I'm glad of it, I am; he did a sight o' dirty work, did Heeps."
My heart beat high. Providence was doubtless leading me to right the wrongs of this helpless child.
"I suppose Heeps christened him Tip Toodles," I said.
"Yes, Miss; that's what he alleys called him, and that's what he's been going by ever sense. Heeps learned him to tumble, and I'll say for him that he sot a sight by the boy; and when Heeps died, why the woman up-stairs took him, and he makes all the money she gits. She's a good-hearted critter, is Mattie, barring she loves the drink."
I learned what I could from this old woman (who assured me that she was ninety-eight) about the accident; and, telling Tip to call at my house on the following day, I returned home, full of speculation. Suppose, and suppose, and suppose—my dreams and my waking hours were full of supposing. I took the boy home with me at last, dressed him in neat new clothes, and sent him to school.
For one year he had been with me, proving himself promising and capable in more ways than one. He was, of course, backward in his studies, but extremely intelligent. In fact, day after day I found him developing a beautiful character, and day after day I grew to love him more. Old Mattie became my pensioner; every Saturday she called to see the boy, and she never went away empty-handed.
One beautiful autumn day (shall I ever forget the fragrance and calm of that day—the wonderful tinting of the elm-trees, the pale golden splendor of the October sun?) a handsom carriage drove up to the door, and a servant in livery handed in a card, on which I read:
"Hon. James Corbet."
The name was entirely new to me.—Nevertheless, I gave my orders to the servant, slipped off my working-apron, and, as soon as I could compose my startled nerves, I entered the parlor. Two persons rose as I came in, a lady and a gentleman.
The former was tall and strikingly beautiful; the man, yet in the prime of life and handsome, gave me the impression of a powerful character. I was quite prepared for what followed.
"Some months ago, said the gentleman, I understand you advertised for the relatives of a child supposed to be killed by the terrible accident of forty-nine."
I bowed, with a fluttering heart.
"My sister was on board the ill-fated train," said the lady, very quietly, but I saw her lip tremble; "and we hope, we believe, from the description, that the boy you name was her child, the son of this gentleman, my brother-in-law."
"Can we see him?" asked Mr. Corbet.
I went out into the small sitting-room, where little Tip sat, busily engaged in making bobs for a magnificent kite which I had that morning bought for him. For one moment I paused, sorrowfully, to look at the picture—the boy, with his flushed cheeks, sparkling eyes, pretty curling locks, and round, white throat.
"Darling," said I softly.
He looked up with a bright smile.
"See what a lot of them!" he exclaimed, tossing the paper bobs up. "I'm 'most through."
"Come with me, dear," I said; "somebody wants to see you."
He sprang to his feet, and at that moment I knew the boy was no longer mine to love and to cherish. The likeness to the beautiful woman in the parlor was striking. I had noticed it from the first.
I smoothed his hair a little and led him in. In another moment, with strong emotion, the gentlemhn said, "That is Helen's boy."
And as I saw them crying over him and embracing him, the child startled and wondering, I felt both glad and sorry.
So I lost little Tip Toodles; but perhaps it is his gain. My boy comes often to see me, and sometimes I go to pay him a short visit in one of the finest avenues in New York. My boy lives in splendor; but he does not forget his friends—he never will.
As for Mattie, who shared her wretched room with him so long, you would not know the woman. She has a tiny home of her own in a pleasant country place, and sells milk and butter and eggs. She tells me she is making money. Mr. Corbet gave her the little home, with its pretty garden; and Tip (his real name is Frank Corbet) never forgets to make her fine presents on the holidays.

BILLING'S ADVICE TO HIS FRIEND JOE.—By awl means, Joe, git married, if you hev got a fair show. Don't stand shivering on the bank; but pitch in and stick yure head under, and the shiver is over. There ain't enny more trick in getting married after yu are reddy, than there iz in eating peanuts. Menny a man haz stood shivvering on the shore till the river haz awl run out. Don't expect to marry an angel, the angels hev awl been picked up long ago. Remember, Joe, yu ain't a saint yureself. Don't marry for buty exclosively; buty is like ice, awful slippery, and thaws dreadful easy. Don't marry for luv neither; luv iz like a cooking stove, good for nothing when the fuel gives out. But a mixture. Let the mixture be sum buty, becomingly dressed, with about $225 in her pocket, a good speller, handy and neat in the house, plenty of good sense, a tuff constitution and by-laws, small feet and a light stepper; add tew this clean teeth and a warm heart; the whole to be well shaken before taken. This mixture will keep in enny climate, and not evaporate. If the cork happens to be left out for two or three minutes the strength ain't awl gone.
Joe for heaven's sake! don't marry for pedigree; thar ain't much in pedigree unless it iz backed by bankstocks. A family with nothing but pedigree generally lacks sense; are like a knight with tew much tan, it otey not to only take oph some of the tail they might possibly get up, but they are always tew illustrious to take oph the tail.
But mi dear fellow, don't be afrade; wedlock iz az natural az

The Star and Sentinel.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 12, 1870.

D. A. BUEHLER, Editor and Business Agent.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Republicans of Adams county, and all favorable to the Administration of President GRANT and the maintenance of Republican Principles—who favor Integrity and rigid Economy in National, State and County affairs—are requested to assemble at their usual places of holding Delegate elections, on SATURDAY, AUGUST 20, 1870, to select Two Delegates from each District to represent them in County Convention, to be held in the *Court House*, in Gettysburg, on MONDAY, August 22, 1870, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to nominate a County Ticket to be supported at the October Election, and to transact such other business as may come before the Convention.

☞The time for holding the Delegate Elections in the Districts will be between the hours of 4 and 6 o'clock, P. M., except in the Boroughs of Gettysburg, Littlestown, Berwick and York Springs, where they will be held between the hours of 7 and 9 o'clock, P. M.

By order of the County Committee.

A. J. COVER, *Chairman.*
CHAS. HORNER, *Secretary.*

THE Democrats of Adams county were in council last Monday, and the result of their deliberations will be found in our local columns. The main interest centered in the Legislative nomination, around which the combinations for the other offices circled. For weeks there has been an active canvass of the county by many of the candidates, attended, in some sections, with much bitterness of feeling. The struggle was resumed in Gettysburg on Monday with much obstinacy, as the ballotings will show.—Watson, Geiselman, Diehl and Donahue, led on the first ballot, but the prize was finally won by Mr. Herriter, of Highland, who started with moderate expectations, and was doubtless as much surprised at his success as were many others. That the Convention should have stumbled into the nomination of so unexceptionable a candidate, is an incident worthy of note. That such was not its purpose, is evidenced by the low figures with which he started, and the slowness with which he advanced. Mr. Herriter is partly indebted for his success to the bitterness of the contest between the other aspirants, who, in their anxiety to slaughter each other, gradually gravitated to him as a choice of evils. He was also largely aided by the combinations growing out of the contest for Commissioner. To leave the ground open for Nunemaker and Will, it was necessary that both Watson and Diehl should be killed off, Herriter being thereby strengthened. The friends of Watson and Diehl struggled hard to the last, but it was no go. The combination against them was too strong.

Of Mr. Herriter himself, we take pleasure in saying that he is a young gentleman of excellent character, and in every respect a decided improvement on the class of men the Democratic party in this county has been presenting as Legislative candidates for some years. A pronounced Democrat, his candidacy will make the contest one purely of principle.

Messrs. Diehl and Watson having been effectually disposed of, the track was clear for Messrs. Nunemaker and Will, and the contest sharp but quick. Lady's friends went over to Will on the second ballot and gave him the nomination.—Mr. Will is a decided partizan, and should he get into the Commissioner's office, the "ring" will have no difficulty to manipulate him at pleasure. We shall hereafter have something to say both as to the Commissioner and Director.

THE formal withdrawal of Mr. McSherry from the Congressional struggle turns out to be no withdrawal at all.—Either his letter to the *Compiler* was a blind, or he took a sober second thought and re-considered the matter. At all events, when the Convention on Monday last put him in nomination and resolved to allow him to name his own conferees, a paper was at once handed in with the names all "cut and dry."—The thing seemed to be understood. It is rumored that an alliance, offensive and defensive, is on foot between Adams, Franklin and Somerset, to choke off both Smith, of Fulton, and Meyers, of Bedford. Judge Kimmel having backed, Wm. McLellan, of Franklin, now wants the nomination. If McLellan can't make it, Franklin is to go for McSherry. Such is the report. But we don't believe that card will win.

JOHN REAL, a noted Democratic ward politician in New York, was hung on Saturday for the murder of a police officer two years ago. Great efforts were made for his pardon, after every available legal remedy had been exhausted. Gov. Hoffman, however, refused to interfere and Real was executed. He claimed to have killed the officer in self-defence, and the day before his death wrote a letter charging Hoffman's refusal to pardon him as due to the fact that he (Real) belonged to the anti-Tammary wing of the party and had refused to do the bidding of the leaders who have access to Hoffman's ear. He mentions several well known murderers who are at large, because of their services to Tammany. Real's funeral on Sunday was attended by over 5,000 persons, delegates from a number of political clubs being present.

THE Democratic Convention on Monday showed a remarkable liberality to the Republican townships. Whilst ignoring the heavy Democratic districts, they generously give the three most important candidates to districts casting Republican majorities. The Legislature goes to Highland, Director of the Poor to Huntington, and Jury Commissioner to Berwick Borough, while Democratic Franklin and Cumberland get the Commissioner and Auditor. This generosity is unusual. Union; Straban, Mountpleasant, Oxford, and Berwick township all put in claims, but all were turned out in the cold.

THE State debt, as well as the National, is becoming rapidly less under Republican rule. The Commissioners of the State Sinking Fund have just announced a further reduction, since November 30th, 1869, of $1,490,610.62.

MRS. Abraham Lincoln writes from Germany to James H. Orne, Esq., of Philadelphia, in grateful acknowledgment of the action of the American Congress in voting her pension of three thousand dollars a year.

THE war news from Europe is startling. The Prussians have the French already on the defensive, and Paris badly frightened. Louis Napoleon, having precipitated the War and marched his battalions to the Rhenish frontier with high-sounding proclamations of his purpose to curb the aggressive policy of Bismarck and King William, failed, either from incompetency or irresolution, to strike. Prussia was unprepared, but Louis Napoleon's unaccountable inaction gave time for needed preparation. Gen. Moltke is credited with saying that if France did not strike by the 21st of July, it would be too late. His prediction seems to be verified. The Prussians having massed immense bodies of troops on the Rhine, unexpectedly opened the offensive on Friday and Saturday and in several desperate battles broke the French lines, and won a series of bloody but decisive victories, which have demoralized the French and produced intense consternation at Paris. The Crown Prince commanding the left of the Prussian line, following up the capture of Wissembourg, attacked and overwhelmed the Prussian right under McMahon at Haguenau, driving him with immense loss back into the interior. At the same time Gen. Steinmetz, commanding the Prussian centre, attacked Frossard's corps, crushing it, retaking Saarbuck and forcing Frossard back to Metz. Prince Frederick Charles, cousin of the Crown Prince and Prussia's ablest commander, advanced with the right wing, occupying Forbach and Thionville, and at last accounts was threatening Metz. Strasbourg at the same time was invested by the Crown Prince. The details of these battles, as they come to hand, increase the importance of the victories and account for the demoralization of the French and the alarm at Paris. The route of the French was complete. The war has suddenly been transferred from Prussian to French soil. Paris, not knowing what is to come next, is alarmed for its safety.

Louis Napoleon is in a bad way. Paris holds him responsible for the military reverses and is clamorous for a change in commanders. The Prince Imperial has been sent home to his mother for safety, while Bazaine is sent to the front to take the general command of the French forces.

There has been no serious fighting since Saturday. Both sides are massing troops, and heavy fighting must take place within a few days, on the result of which will largely depend the question of Peace. The French are making desperate efforts to withstand the advance of the Prussians. If they succeed and drive back the Prussians, the war will be prolonged, as the Germans will fall back on the Rhine and fight desperately for the integrity of German soil. Should the French be again worsted in the impending battles, all will be up with Louis Napoleon. Revolution at Paris will be inevitable, and neutral powers will force Peace.

On Tuesday night, after a stormy session in the Corps Legislatif, the Ministry resigned. A new cabinet was formed, made up of the opposing factions, with Count Palikao at its head. Some of the deputies demanded the abdication of Napoleon and the appointment of a Dictator. A telegram from London announces the flight of the Prince Imperial. The French were falling back on Nancy, and the Prussians steadily advancing, with a great battle momentarily imminent.

THE Democratic National Campaign Committee, failing to find any flaw in the course of Congress or the policy of the Administration fit to be used as a campaign document, have resorted to the publication of the minority report of the committee appointed to investigate the charges against General Howard, and are now engaged in circulating broadcast throughout the land this libel upon that Christian soldier and gentleman. A more disreputable document than this report, as the Philadelphia *Press* well remarks, was never printed; and the Democratic National Executive Committee by endorsing it in this manner and sending it out to their ignorant and illiterate constituents are only showing the depth of their own moral and political degradation. Gen. Howard was a gallant soldier, who fought the Rebellion and gave an arm to his country. He is, moreover, a Christian soldier, with heart and conscience. The Copperhead leaders will never forgive his hostility to treason. They *know* that these charges, originating in personal malignity and rebel hate, were thoroughly exploded by the Congressional investigation. But that matters not.—The rank and file are to be held to the support of the party, and hence this disreputable campaign document, which, among decent Democrats and all Republicans, should win for Gen. Howard warm sympathy and renewed confidence.

YORK county has a debt of $200,000 and a County Tax of 7 mills. There is a deep-seated feeling of indignation among the masses of the Democratic party over the mismanagement of the County finances, and an effort will be made this fall to displace the rings that have been ruling the County Boards, by a combination of the good men of both parties. In Adams county, with a population of one-third that of York, we have a debt of $60,000 and a County Tax of 8 mills—one mill higher than in York. If York county needs reform, how about Adams?

IN ten election districts, in the city of New York, at the last election, the Democrats polled over *forty thousand* votes. The census just taken, shows that these same ten districts contain but *twenty-two thousand* inhabitants, men, women and children. This shows where the Democratic majorities come from in New York State.

THE North Carolina election, owing to dissensions in Republican ranks, has resulted in a "Conservative," alias Democratic, triumph. The Congressional delegation will stand, 5 Conservatives and 2 Republicans. The Conservatives will have a majority of 14 in the Senate and 30 in the House.

THE Franklin County Democrats have appointed Col. B. F. Winger, W. S. Stenger and John Orr Congressional Conferees, without instructions. The *Repo sitory* says that Winger and Orr are understood to be for Meyers of Bedford, Stenger doubtful. How about McLellan?

THE Evangelical Christian Alliance Convention, which was to have been held in New York in September, has been postponed for one year, in consequence of the War in Europe, which will prevent the attendance of most of the distinguished European divines.

THE Republicans of the 3rd Ohio district have re-nominated Gen. Schenck for Congress, notwithstanding his letter of declination. A committee was appointed to urge his acceptance.

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

GREAT PRUSSIAN VICTORIES.

THE CAPTURE OF WISSEMBOURG.

BATTLES ON THE RIGHT AND LEFT

TOTAL DEFEAT OF THE FRENCH.

McMahon Routed by the Crown Prince.

GEN. FROSSARD ALSO DEFEATED.

8,000 FRENCH PRISONERS TAKEN.

PRUSSIAN ADVANCE INTO FRANCE.

HEAVY LOSSES ON BOTH SIDES.

McMAHON SURROUNDED AND CUT OFF.

Napoleon Acknowledges a Defeat.

EXCITEMENT IN PARIS.

PARIS IN A STATE OF SIEGE.

THE CORPS LEGISLATIF CONVOKED.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—Despatches from Prussian headquarters give the details of the capture on Thursday of Wissembourg, a fortified town of France, situated on the right bank of the Lauter, and on the Bavarian frontier, thirty-four miles northeast of Strasbourg. The Prussian army, under the command of the Crown Prince, stormed the fortifications, and after a severe engagement and heavy loss the French were driven from the field, and several hundred were taken prisoners.—Gen. Donay, commanding a Division of Marshal McMahon's Corps, was killed.—This movement of the Prussians, while apparently abandoning Saarbrucken, indicates a purpose to invade France on the right of the French lines.

PRUSSIAN ACCOUNT.

BERLIN, Aug. 5.—The following despatch has been received here from Niederotter, a small village on the Otter river near Wissembourg, dated at 6 o'clock on Thursday evening:

We have won a brilliant but bloody victory. The left wing was the attacking body, and consisted of the Fifth and Eleventh Prussian Corps, with the Second Bavarian. This force carried by assault, under the eyes of the Prince Royal, the Fortress of Wissembourg and the heights between Wissembourg and Geisburg.—Donay's Division, of Marshal McMahon's Corps, was splendidly defeated, being driven from its camp. General Donay himself was killed. Eight hundred prisoners were taken. The Prussian General Kirchbach was slightly wounded. The Royal Grenadiers and Fiftieth Regiment of the line suffered heavy losses.

FRENCH REPORTS.

PARIS, Aug. 5.—At 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon three regiments of Donay's division and a brigade of light cavalry were attacked at Wissembourg by a very considerable force of the enemy, which had been massed in the woods skirting Lauter river. Our troops resisted for several hours the attacks of the enemy and then retired to the summit of Pigeonnier, an eminence which commands the line of railroad to Bitsche. General Donay was killed. One piece of artillery, the horses having been killed and the carriage broken, fell into the hands of the Prussians.—Marshal McMahon is concentrating the forces under his command at this point.

HEAVY FIGHTING AND MORE PRUSSIAN VICTORIES.

Monday, Aug. 6.—Our news today from the seat of war is interesting and important, showing that the grand armies are at last in contact. The victorious Prussians followed up their capture of Wissembourg by an advance on the right and left of their line, and fought on Saturday two battles and won two victories. The left of their army under the Crown Prince, Frederick William, advanced from Wissembourg into French territory and met the division of General McMahon near Hagenau, a town in Alsace, twenty miles from the frontier. A battle commenced at mid-day and continued until dark, the French being routed and driven back in the direction of Bitsche, a French town thirty miles northeast of the battle ground. The Prussians captured four thousand prisoners, thirty cannons, two mitrailleurs and two standards. A despatch from the Emperor acknowledges this defeat, and states that McMahon has been isolated by the victorious army from communication with the other French forces. Napoleon ends his despatch announcing the French disaster with the statement that he in person will assume command in the centre.—The division of McMahon comprised the choicest troops of the French army, mainly those who had seen service in Algeria, and their commander had a high renown as a soldier, won by his share in the victory at Magneta in the Italian war. Both armies suffered great losses.

While the attack was being made on McMahon at the right of the French army, their left, under General Frossard, was also defeated between Saarbruck and Sierck by the centre of the Prussian army. At this point also the victors advanced into French territory, first re-capturing Saarbruck, and then, according to one report, marching on and holding the French towns of Sierck and Thionville, situate on the Moselle, and distant respectively two and twelve miles from the border. These particulars are substantiated in despatches from King William and the Emperor, all going to show the importance and completeness of the German success. There was the most intense excitement and consternation in Paris upon the publication of the Emperor's news of disaster. A proclamation from the Empress and Ministry was issued calling upon the patriotism of the people to sustain the war, declaring the city in a state of siege, and convoking the Corps Legislatif on Thursday. The Emperor conveys the impression that he will immediately renew the contest and endeavor to gain back his lost ground.

The despatches show that the forward movement of the Prussian army has been at two points sixty miles apart. A despatch from Paris states that another division has crossed the Rhine at Basle, at the extreme southwestern corner of Prussia, into France. If this be correct, it shows that the advance embraces the entire German army, and that King William is carrying on a bold and aggressive movement into the interior of France.

FRENCH OFFICERS KILLED.

PARIS, Aug. 8.—In the battle of Saturday ner Reischoffen McMahon's Chief-of-Staff, General Colson, was shot by the Marshal's side. Gen. Roonet is among the missing. Our artillery suffered heavily.—Marshal McMahon is now in communication with General Failly. Metz is preparing for a vigorous defence.

BERLIN, Aug. 8.—General Steinmetz telegraphs the following particulars of the contest between Gen. Von Goeben and the French forces under Gen. Frossard. The fight opened on our side by the Fourteenth Division, which was subsequently reinforced by artillery and cavalry. A fierce and bloody struggle raged along the line between Saarbruck and Forbach, lasting until night. The legions of Spiechelen were carried at the point of the bayonet and the enemy thrown back on Forbach. Meanwhile our Fifteenth Division had advanced upon Vockingen, taken Rassel and reached Forbach, and night fell when the broken divisions of the French army were being driven upon that point. Here the baggage and camp equipage of two divisions and many prisoners were taken.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—Forbach is among the strategic points gained by the Prussians in Saturday's battle and now held by their forces.

THE TRIAL SEVERE.

Napoleon telegraphs to Paris that the soldiers are full of courage, coolness and confidence, but the trial is severe, and will require great sacrifices and efforts of patriotism to meet it.

THE EXCITEMENT AT PARIS.

PARIS, Aug. 8.—The agitation here is very great, and the cry to arms universal. The Empress is at the Tuileries and will receive the Deputies there to-night. The Prince Imperial is now in Paris.

The Chambers will re-assemble immediately.

The Garde Mobile is to join the regular army, and the fortifications of Paris are to be armed and defended by thirty thousand men and the Paris Nationale Garde, one hundred thousand strong. A levy *en masse* is looked for.

The *Temps* this evening announces that Marshal Bazaine has been appointed Commander-in-Chief and General Troche Major General of the army. General Leboeuf retires.

LONDON, Aug. 8—4 P. M.—It is said privately that the Emperor is ill at Chalons, and that his Doctors, Nelaton and Ricord, are gone to attend him.

It is said that Napoleon's attack is a return of his old disease, provoked by equestrianism.

The young Prince Imperial has been sent back to Paris, to be out of danger.

STRASBOURG INVESTED.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—A despatch from Carlsrhue dated to-day states that Strasbourg is surrounded by an army of 60,000 Prussian troops, mostly from from South Germany. The city must surrender as the garrison is composed of only 7,000 soldiers.

An advance of the Prussian right from Saar Louis and Treves has commenced.—It is supposed that the Prince Frederick Charles is in command.

PRUSSIANS BEFORE METZ.

METZ, Aug. 9—3.30 P. M.—The enemy is in large masses concentrated in front of Metz. Marshal Bazaine has the direction of the operations. The corps of General Frossard has retired in good order on Metz.

AUSTRIA AND ITALY.

LONDON, Aug. 9—3.30 P. M.—The Paris correspondent of the Manchester *Examiner* telegraphs that Italy and Austria each send 100,000 men to the aid of France.

THE EMPIRE ON THE VERGE OF DISSOLUTION.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The *Pall Mall Gazette* has assurances from private sources in Paris that the Empire is on the verge of a collapse. The Empire is dead, and the Parisians are receiving arms, and they are all Republicans at heart. The establishment of a Provisional Government is already talked of. The Orleanists, through General Changarnier and Trochu, are in the ascendant, and eminent Imperialists are leaving France.

THE EMPEROR'S MISMANAGEMENT.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—Edmund About writes from the field, bitterly condemning the Emperor's mismanagement. He says:—Having declared war, he let the Prussians begin it. It is true that neither party was ready, yet the French lost twenty days in useless marching and countermarching.—They were surprised at Wissembourg by an enemy whom there were no videttes to watch, no skirmishers to meet and no settled plan to repel.

ADDRESS OF THE MINISTRY.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—The Ministers have addressed the following proclamation to the Parisians:

"Our army is concentrated. A new effort has imparted to it fresh hope and confidence, but agitation here will lessen the moral force of the army and act against it. Paris rising, the French army will be between two fires. We prepare for the defence of Paris, and the Deputies will cooperate with us. Let all good citizens help to prevent disorder. Those who wish will have arms furnished them; and will be sent to the front at once.

THE MINISTRY CENSURED.

The Ministry and Esquerts are powerless in Paris. The people assemble in large masses, are defiant of martial law, and demand a change of officers. A resolution of censure on the Ministry was carried in the Corps Legislatif this evening by a large majority.

On the streets frequent cries of "Vive la France," "Vive la Changarnier," &c., are heard, but an ominous silence prevails as to Louis Napoleon and Eugenia. The National Guard attempted to disperse the crowds, but were met with the taunt, "To the frontier!" "To the frontier!"

GREAT OVATION TO KING WILLIAM.

BERLIN, August 9.—The King of Prussia on passing through Neastadt yesterday, received a great ovation. The streets and roads were filled with joyful people, who waved flags, covered the King with flowers, and cheered wildly. Bismarck, Roon, and others, addressed the people, and thanked them for the king.

The losses of the French in the battle of Woerth on Saturday were 5,000 dead, wounded and missing, and 6,000 prisoners total, 11,000. McMahon's baggage, many cannon, and two long railway trains with stores and munitions of war were captured. The Prussian cavalry in their pursuit bagged thousands of stragglers who had thrown away their arms.

The total Prussian loss was 8,500 dead, wounded, and missing.

THE LATEST

FLIGHT OF THE PRINCE IMPERIAL.

ABDICATION OF NAPOLEON DEMANDED.

FORMATION OF A NEW CABINET.

THE PRUSSIANS STILL ADVANCING.

As we go to press (Thursday afternoon) telegrams from Europe represent the sittings of the French Corps Legislatif on Tuesday night to have been stormy and turbulent, some of the deputies exchanging blows. After the resignation of the Ollivier Ministry, Kerstry, one of the Radical deputies in the Corps Legislatif, demanded the deposition of the Emperor. Shortly afterward the members abandoned the hall. In the streets wild confusion reigned during the night. The populace collected in immense crowds, and repeated charges by the police and the National Guard failed to drive the people off. An attack was made on the residence of Gravier Cassagnac, the father of Paul Cassagnac, the editor of the Imperialist *Le Pays*, and he was compelled to fly for shelter to the house of his son.

Following this we have the startling announcement that the Prince Imperial has arrived in London and brings with him the jewels of the Empress and also the valuable Brunswick collection. The fact of the flight of the Prince Imperial has been kept a secret from the people of Paris.

The new French Ministry was formed on Wednesday, and consists of the Count Palikao, De La Tour, D' Auvergne, Chevreau, Grandperret, De Genouilly, Magne, David, Braine, Duvernois and Billaut. It appears to be an inharmonious mixture of Imperialists, Legitimists and members of the Conservative or Left Centre party. Paris despatches say that it was well received. There were great throngs in the streets of the city during the day and night, which were dispersed by the police.

McMahon has rallied the bulk of his army, and is falling back to join the French right wing at Nancy. The second line of the Prussians is moving to the front, and reserves are supporting them. It has been raining heavily since Tuesday, and movements were impeded thereby.

The Prussians, as they advance, discover that the losses of the French in the recent battles must have been frightful, exceeding even the most extravagant estimates. Frossard's corps was dispersed. The entire camp of one division and many magazines were captured. Prisoners by thousands were taken, and the number is hourly increasing. The French losses must have been immense.

La Liberte says all the members of the Staff of General McMahon were either killed or wounded in the battle of Froshweiller.

THE OPPOSING COMMANDERS.—The Prussians seem to be proving the truth again of what was exemplified in our war—that young men are the best Generals. Prince Frederick William, "Our Fritz," who administered to the veteran MacMahon such a whipping on Saturday, is but thirty-nine years of age. His cousin, Frederick Charles, who commands the right of the army, is forty-three, and is believed by many authorities to be the best military strategist in the world. The remainder of the Prussian commanders are generally well advanced in years, Von Bittenfield and Von Steinmetz, the latter of whom won the victory at Saarbrucken, having each marched into Paris with the victorious allies in 1815. The French have not a young man in a prominent position, if we except Trochu, recently made Major General of the army. The *Army and Navy Journal* two weeks ago predicted that he would win the laurels of the war, and he now has an opportunity to show his ability in releasing the French army from its disastrous position.

GENERAL NEWS.

PRESIDENT GRANT left Long Branch on Monday for St. Louis.

At Philadelphia there were several deaths from yellow fever during last week.

A NUMBER of French Protestants, resident in New York city, held a meeting on Monday and adopted resolutions expressive of their opposition to the war.

THE murderer of Mr. Nathan, at New York last week, is still at large. Several arrests have been made, but the suspected parties have all been released.

THE election in Utah has resulted in the choice of General Maxwell, the anti-Mormon candidate, as the delegate to Congress.

THE negroes polled a very heavy vote in Kentucky, and cast it solid for the Republican candidates. Not a single difficulty between the whites and blacks occurred at the polls.

THE Democratic party, almost everywhere, are giving the Germans the cold shoulder, and sympathising with Napoleon to please the Irish. The Germans should remember this.

Two scoundrels in Philadelphia who outraged a young lady in that city a few weeks since have each been sentenced to thirty-two years imprisonment in the Penitentiary and to pay a fine of $3000.

THE Rev. Dr. Newman, of Washington, on Sunday afternoon preached three hours and a half in the Methodist church at Salt Lake city, to a very large and attentive audience.

Ex-Gov. Bigler has forsaken politics for religion. A few days ago, at the Presbyterian Synod at Bellfonte, he announced that he had retired from public and political life, and bore strong testimony to the value of religion as compared with the uncertainties and excitements of politics.

ON Saturday night a train on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad was thrown from the track near White Sulphur Springs and a horrible result followed. Ten persons were instantly killed and over twenty wounded, many severely.

WILLIAM H. Hanna, a prominent lawyer at Bloomington, Ill., was instantly killed on Friday night by a stroke of lightning while in bed. His wife, lying by his side, was seriously stunned, but recovered, to find her husband dead.

THE acting French Consul in Richmond has had so many applications from ex-Confederates who desire to enter the French army that he has been compelled to announce through the public press that he has no authority to accept their propositions.

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.—IMMENSE SALES OF LAND.—The aggregate sales of Union Pacific Railroad lands for the year ending July 26th, 1870, was $945,581; average price, $4.60 per acre. On July 29th, the receipts for sales of land were upwards of $20,000 for that day.

THE extreme Northeast and West are suffering from a long-continued drought. The intense heat of the past month and the absence of rain have caused a thorough parching of vegetation, and the crops of both sections will consequently be light.

THE Democrats of the Eight Congressional District of Indiana have nominated for the House of Representatives a gentleman who was dismissed from the service by General Thomas, because he had been "obtaining money under false pretences," and had "twice absconded to avoid a trial."

PRESIDENT Grant and Commissioner Parker have been corresponding with the different religious denominations with a view to secure the services of missionaries among them for the Indian territories. New agents will be appointed at some points, solely with regard to their sympathy with the friendly policy towards the Indians.

THE mitrailleur, the terrible destructive arm of the French, turns out to nothing more than the "coffee-mill gun," worked by a crank, which was offered to our Government during the rebellion, but rejected by the War Department on account of some important flaw never fully explained. For five years the patient persistent ingenuity of the best mechanics of France has been directed to its improvement. The result is that the arm has developed into the most accurate and destructive weapon of modern warfare.

KENTUCKY ELECTION.—The effect of the colored vote is shown in the returns from such counties of Kentucky as have reached us. Jefferson county, the great Democratic stronghold, containing Louisville, gives a Democratic majority of 4,900. Last year it gave 9,571 for Seymour, Grant polling but 1,481 votes. The Republican vote cast at the late election exceeds 7,000. Fayette county gives 50 Democratic; last year it gave 1,450. The returns from the other counties are similiar to these, and indicate that the Democratic majority in the State has been cut down fully three-fourths.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CARROLL.—The new census makes the population of Westminster 2,807.—Grasshoppers are said to be so numerous in Carroll county, that it is "almost impossible to cut grass that had been left for seed." They have also attacked the corn fields.

CUMBERLAND.—The Methodist Campmeeting at Oakland was largely attended. —The barn of John Orris, two miles west of Blosserville, was struck by lightning on the 27th ult., and burned with the crops. —Catharine Sellers, of Carlisle, aged 73 years, on Saturday morning fell in her yard and instantly expired, from apoplexy. —The postoffice at Mechanicsburg has been designated as a money order office.

FRANKLIN.—The Franklin County Agricultural Society will hold their Fair on the 5th, 6th and 7th days of October next. —On Tuesday night of last week, a dark brown horse was stolen from the field of Mr. Aaron Funk near Waynesboro'.—On Friday of last week, George Lightner, employed in Stouffer's Paper Mill, whilst in the act of drawing a plug from a steam tub, was badly scalded. He died on Saturday morning from injuries received.—The Democratic County Convention has nominated the following ticket: *Assembly*, George W. Skinner, Chambersburg; *Commissioner*, Samuel M. Worley, Chambersburg; *Director of the Poor*, Peter McFerren, Guilford; *Jury Commissioner*, Elias Patton, Peters; *Auditor*, John A. Sellers, St. Thomas.—On Sunday the 31st ult., as Daniel Fahrney, of Waynesboro', was driving his family to church, the horses took fright and upset the carriage, throwing out his wife, a Miss Haller, and a Miss Randall, of Baltimore. The latter had her nose and cheek bones mashed, and lies in a critical condition.

FREDERICK.—Erasmus F. Garrot, a wealthy and respected citizen of Burkettsville, committed suicide on the 3d inst., by shooting himself during the temporary absence of his family. He was found sitting upright in his office chair, with the entire top of his head blown off, and his brains and fragments of his skull strewed over the floor. In his right hand was a slendor stick four feet in length, with a prong at the end with which the trigger was touched off. In the left hand was the gun barrel, still pointing toward the mangled head and face. The left foot was resting carefully on the right, all of which proves that not a muscle moved after the fatal shot was fired, and that death was instantaneous.

YORK.—Miss Ruth, of Hanover, who was badly burned some weeks ago, by the explosion of a can of kerosine oil, while kindling a fire, died of her injuries on the 3d inst.—The Borough limits of Hanover have been extended, on the north and east, which will add about 600 to the population of the town.—John A. Reese, of Hanover, on the night of the 3d inst., tripped on the side-walk and fell, dislocating his shoulder. —Simon J. Diller, of Hanover, last week lost a pacing horse, by death, valued at $1000.—A bull and two cows, on the farm of Wm. H. Snyser, West Manchester township, were killed by lightning on the 28th ult.—On the same day, two organ grinders, caught in the storm, had taken shelter under a tree in Adam Smyser's orchard. The lightning struck the tree, killing one of the men, and injuring the other so badly that it was thought he would not recover. Two hand-organs and a monkey were not injured.—On Saturday, a daughter of John Wise, of Dover township, aged 15 years, died of lock-jaw, from a splinter in the foot several days before.

AN HONEST ADMINISTRATION.

Repeal of $50,000,000 of Taxes—Why it Was Done.

On the 18th instant, at Terra Haute, Indiana, Senator Morton delivered one of his powerful speeches, the most of which was devoted to general issues. Touching the subject of honesty and economy in the administration of the government, the Senator said:

Now, the question may present itself to your mind, how is it that we have been able to repeal eighty millions of taxes? You have had a Republican Congress all the time; why could you not do it before? I will tell you. We have had a Republican Congress, but not a Republican Administration until the last sixteen months. The last three and a half years of President Johnson's Administration was as thoroughly Democratic as was that of James Buchanan or Franklin Pierce. I want to tell you how we are able at this time to repeal eighty millions of taxes and still have surplus money coming into the Treasury. First, by economy—by reducing the expenses of the Government, and we reduced them, as compared with President Johnson's Administration, over fifty millions of dollars. They have been curtailed here, and curtailed there, and in the other place, and the expenses of government have been greatly reduced. Then we have gained a large amount in another way—by the honest collections of the revenue. I wish to show you a statement I obtained from the Secretary of the Treasury only three or four days ago. I saw Mr. Boutwell the day I started from Washington and asked him to send me a statement over his own signature as to the amount of gain by the honest collection of the revenue since General Grant came into power. Here it is, and I shall read it to you:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 5, 1870.

Hon. O. P. Morton:

In reply to your verbal inquiry, I have the honor to state that there has been an increase of thirty-two millions six hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars in the internal revenue receipts during the first sixteen months of President Grant's administration, as compared with the last sixteen months of President Johnson's administration.

There you have it. On the same rate of taxation—even with less, because under Johnson's administration the tax on whisky was two dollars per gallon, while it is now fifty cents per gallon, we have an increase of more than thirty-two millions in the receipts of internal revenue in sixteen months. Mr. Boutwell goes on:

"And an increase of nineteen millions four hundred sixty thousand nine hundred and fifty-three dollars in custom duties for the last fiscal year and upon the same comparison, making an aggregate of fifty-one millions four hundred and eight thousand six hundred and ninety dollars."

Just resulting from an honest administration! When you add this to what we have gained in the way of economy by reducing the expenditures, you will understand how we are able to reduce taxation eighty millions of dollars by one single blow.

To this wonderful showing of Senator Morton we may add that, during the sixteen months of President Grant's administration, $146,000,000 of the public debt has been paid.

THE Augusta *Constitutionalist* is informed by a gentleman who has recently returned to Georgia from a Northern tour, that General Frank Blair bitterly regrets having fought against the South during the war, and would give his right arm if he could only recall the past. General Blair belongs to that wing of the Democracy which believes in keeping up the struggle between the North and South on reconstruction and the negro—believing them to be "live issues"—and dissents from the policy of acceptance recently put forward by the New York *World* and Chicago *Times*. These stories may or may not be true—probably they are a little of both.

Special Notices.

TO STOREKEEPERS GENERALLY.

We would be pleased to mail regularly our monthly wholesale price list to any storekeeper who does not receive them, and who may give us his address. These lists will give OUR Wholesale Prices of most of the goods we offer. We correct and publish them at the first of every month. We invite a comparison of our prices with City quotations. WILLIAM BLAIR & SON,
"South End," Carlisle Pa.
Aug. 12, 1870.

PREPARE FOR THE CHOLERA.

With the "heated term" comes the danger of the rightful pestilence—Cholera and kindred diseases. What untold and indescribable misery has been visited upon thousands annually by these awful complaints. But every one ought to be made aware that a specific for this class of diseases, as well as a certain preventive, is the celebrated MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS. It will positively fortify the system against the attacks of Asiatic Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Diarrhœa, Summer Complaint, Dysentery, Chollc, Painters' Cholic, &c. D. H. Bissell, M. D., Physician-in-chief of the U. S. Hospital Ship, "Falcon," highly recommends it for Cholera, and has used it with marvellous success in such cases. It acts like an angel of mercy in every instance. Sold by all druggists and dealers.—Price one dollar per bottle. [Aug. 5.-1m

A TREATISE ON THE HAIR

SENT FREE BY MAIL BY THE PROPRIETORS OF

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER,

Which is the best article ever known to

RESTORE GRAY HAIR

TO ITS ORIGINAL YOUTHFUL COLOR.

It will prevent the Hair from falling out.

Makes the Hair smooth and glossy, and does not stain the skin!

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. [Aug. 5.-1m

☞DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., and Professor of *Diseases of the Eye and Ear, (his specialty)in the Medical College of Pennsylvania, 12 years experience,* (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 865 Arch street, Phila. Testimonials can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charge for examination. [March 18, 1870.—1y

WIRE RAILING, WIRE GUARDS.

For Store Fronts, Asylums, &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c., Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters, Gauze Wires for Windows, &c.; Paper makers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by addressing the manufacturers. M. WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia.
Feb. 11, 1870.—1y

TO THE LADIES!

There can be nothing that will please the ladies better than a good article, which is now used in every family for every day's use. Such an article is KEYES' GENUINE AMERICAN TALLOW SOAP, recommended for the following purposes: *For General Household Use. For the Toilet. For the Laundry. For Shaving Hands, &c.* Sold by all Grocers and Store-keepers everywhere.

NATHAN FRICK, Sole Agent, No. 319 North Front street, Philadelphia. [Feb. 11, 1870.-6m

Legal Notices.

LICENSE.

The following application to keep a Restaurant, has been filed in my office, with the requisite number of sureties, and will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions, on the 3d MONDAY of AUGUST, 1870:

Samuel G. Lawrence, Mountpleasant township.
July 29, 1870.—tc H. G. WOLF, Clerk.

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of ANNA ROSAN FRANK, deceased late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Hamilton township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
July 29.—6t JOHN MILLER, Ex'r.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of EDWARD SMALL, late of Conowago township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in said township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
July 22, 1870—6t* WM. H. SMALL, Adm'r.

NOTICE.—The second Account of ANDREW W. LOHR, Committee of Henry Lohr, (a lunatic), has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, and will be presented to said Court on *the third Monday of August next*, unless cause be shown to the contrary.
JACOB MELHORN, Pro'y.
July 15, 1870.—4t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the Estate of JOHN LADY, deceased, late of Menallen township, having been granted to the undersigned, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate settlement and those having claims against the same will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.
SAMUEL HERBST, *Adm'r.*
July 8.—6t Gettysburg, Pa.

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 15th day of AUGUST, 1870, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

54. The first and final account of W. F. Crouse Guardian of Lydia A. Mehring, one of the minor children of John Mehring, dec'd.

55. The first and final account of W.

The Star and Sentinel.

Friday Morning Aug. 12, 1870.

LOCAL ITEMS.

MARSHAL.—Col. John Wolford, of Latimore township, has been appointed Chief Marshal for the next County Fair, with power to appoint his Assistants.

HORSE STOLEN.—On Tuesday night last a valuable young Bay Horse was stolen from the stable of Wm. Wible, on the Harrisburg road, 2 miles from town. He was insured in the York county Company.

COW KILLED.—On Wednesday afternoon the 27th ult., a cow belonging to Mr. R. Herding, of Union township, was killed by being struck with lightning while pasturing along the banks of the Conowago, near Gitt's mill.

CENSUS.—Mr. Paxton has nearly completed the census statistics for the Borough of Gettysburg, and informs us that the population will reach about 3100, probably over. This is a handsome increase since 1860. The population of the town in 1850 was 2180; in 1860, 2390. Increase from 1850 to 1860, 210—from 1860 to 1870, about 710.

POST-OFFICE SALARIES.—In the recent adjustment of the salaries of Postmasters, the Gettysburg Post-office is fixed at $1,700; Bedford $1200; Carlisle $2500; Chambersburg $2400; Hanover $1000; Harrisburg $3600; Lancaster $2800; Mechanicsburg $1700; Philadelphia $4000; Pittsburg $4000; Reading $3500; Shippensburg $1200; York $2600.

BACK AGAIN.—During a recent visit to the Springs Hotel, we were glad to notice that S. B. Row, Esq., has resumed the position of Clerk. Mr. B. has a large general acquaintance throughout Pennsylvania and Maryland, acquired during his connection with the Post-office Department, which will be of service in the position he now holds. He has moreover special qualifications for the position—promptness, energy and courtesy.

RAIN.—On Tuesday and Wednesday the central portion of the county was favored with refreshing rains. The protracted drought has seriously affected vegetation, growing corn and potatoes especially having suffered.

We annex the record of the temperature as shown by Mr. Powers' thermometer:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	7 P. M.
Thursday, Aug. 4	72	90	76
Friday, " 5	65	85	69
Saturday, " 6	64	94	76
Sunday, " 7	66	94	70
Monday, " 8	75	94	80
Tuesday, " 9	76	94	78
Wednesday, " 10	75	76	77

LUTHERVILLE SEMINARY.—We have on our table, the Catalogue of "Lutherville Female Seminary," for 1870. This Institution is located at Lutherville, Md., ten miles from Baltimore, on the line of the Northern Central Railroad, and is under charge of Rev. Dr. Sadtler, assisted by a corps of efficient Instructors, including Rev. P. M. Bikle, a graduate of the Institutions at this place. Rev. Dr. Sadtler has a wide-spread and deserved reputation as a successful educator, and it is not surprising that the School under his charge should be in a flourishing condition.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—On Saturday last, at the Court House, Sheriff Klunk sold the following Real Estate:

A Tract of Land in Union township, 4 acres, property of Andrew C. Wilt, to Jacob Hostetter, for $350.

A Brick House and lot of ground in York street, Gettysburg, property of Wm. F. Baker, to the Gettysburg Building Association, for $800; also a Frame House and lot of ground, adjoining the above, property of Baker, to the same Association, for $450.

A Tract of Land, in Butler township, 18 acres, property of Jesse P. Wagoner, to J. A. H. Rether, for $135.

SELECT PIC-NIC.—On Morning last a pleasant little Fishing Party and Pic-Nic came off at Gitt's dam, near New Oxford. A few gentlemen from town took the five o'clock train for Conowago, where they were joined by a party of gentlemen from New Oxford, to whom complimentary invitations had been sent. The morning was spent in testing the fishing grounds, after which the party sat down to a magnificent collation, on the banks of the stream, served up by Lieut. James Hersh, of the "Washington House," of New Oxford, whose merits as a *caterer* are so well known. The party returned to Gettysburg in the noon train. The affair, we understand, was gotten up under the superintendence of Mr. Keller Kurtz, of New York, temporarily on a visit to this place.

FATAL SHOOTING.—On Saturday morning last Mr. Samuel Fitzgerald, of Huntington township, was accidently killed by a comrade, Mr. Wesley Stevens, of Tyrone township, while on a gunning expedition. They were hunting together, and coming across a squirrel on a tree, both fired simultaneously, being within a few yards of each other. Both guns missed fire, and Stevens was in the act of examining or replacing the cap on his gun, which was resting on his arm, when by some means the hammer fell, exploding the cap, and sending the entire charge of shot into Fitzgerald's left side. The latter was removed to Mr. C. Myers' residence, and lived five or six hours, entirely exhonerating his comrade from all blame, the shooting being purely accidental. Fitzgerald was aged about 35 years and leaves a wife and two children.

GRASSHOPPERS.—We have information from a gentleman just returned from a trip through Carroll and Baltimore counties, Md., that the grasshoppers literally covered the ground at places, and that these insects were devouring the clover and almost everything else that was green. They have already eaten up the blades of corn, and were working their way into the ears of corn—the tops already eaten off. It is expected that nearly the entire crop of corn will be destroyed. Even fence rails are partially eaten. Several farmers stated that their young orchards were beginning to suffer, a number of trees being already destroyed, the bark eaten off. The farmers are becoming alarmed at the number of grasshoppers passing over their farms. We believe that in some sections in our own county they are becoming very numerous, troublesome, and destructive.

SUNSTROKE.—Sunstroke has been alarmingly prevalent this summer in all the large cities, and even in the rural districts. The heat has been both exceedingly intense and long continued, and its depressing power, acting with cumulative effect, has predisposed many to this sudden and often fatal malady. All whose duties require expose to the sun should be on the guard. A damp cloth, worn in the crown of the hat, is recomended as a preventive. In case of an attack of sunstroke, the application of cold to the head and chest, friction of the extremities, and the administration of stimulants such as brandy and ammonia will be found serviceable. Place the patient in a recumbent position in the shade, where there is a free circulation of fresh air, and at the same time disencumber him of everything that could in any way interfere with either circulation or respiration.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.—On Monday last the Democratic County Convention met in the Court-house, to nominate a County Ticket. The numerous aspirants for Legislative honors, and the active contest of the last few weeks, brought together quite a number of the faithful, the Convention and lobby being both well represented.

Hon. Robert McCurdy was appointed President; Messrs. Samuel March and George Stoneseifer, Vice Presidents; and Messrs. R. Sherfy and Joseph Wolf Secretaries. The roll of delegates having been completed, nominations were made for the various offices, viz:

ASSEMBLY.
Frederick Diehl, of Franklin.
Dr. J. L. Baer, Butler.
Isaac Herriter, Highland.
Dr. J. W. McClure, New Oxford.
George B. Yantis, Littlestown.
Robert Watson, Hamiltonban.
Daniel Gelselman, Union.
Philip Donahue, Straban.
Henry F. Thomas, Straban.
E. W. Stahle, Franklin.
Jas. Gubernator, Conowago.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER.
John Nunnemaker, Liberty.
Francis Will, Franklin.
George Lady, Franklin.

DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.
Michael Stambaugh, Latimore.
Jacob B. Miller, Huntington.
Peter Stallsmith, Straban.
Jacob Hull, Berwick Township.
Jesse Bucher, Berwick Borough.
Joseph Harman, Mountpleasant.

AUDITOR.
Ephraim Meuchy, Germany.
Raphael Sherfy, Cumberland.

JURY COMMISSIONER.
Henry Mayer, Berwick Borough.
B. F. Hagerman, Mountpleasant.
T. N. Dicks, Reading.
H. W. Schwartz, Mountjoy.

The nominations having been completed, the convention adjourned, to give the candidates full play with the delegates. A lively time, with any amount of buttonholing, ensued around the Globe Inn and Keystone House, the various candidates and their friends working like beavers.

At 1½ o'clock the Convention re-assembled, and after announcing the withdrawal of Messrs. Gubernator and Dicks, the balloting commenced with the following result:

ASSEMBLY.

	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.	6th.	7th.
Diehl	6	6	6	7	2	9	9
Bear	3	3	4	3	2		
Herriter	5	6	8	14	19	25	28
McClure	5	4	(withdraw)				
Yantis	5	3	5	5	6	5	6
Watson	8	8	7	6	8	7	7
Gelselman	7	6	7	6	5	4	
Donahue	5	5	4	4	4		
Thomas	5	5	5	5	2		
Stahle	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

COMMISSIONER.

	1st.	2d.
Nunemaker	21	22
Will	21	28
Lady	7	

DIRECTOR.

	1st.	2d.
Stambaugh	5	1
Miller	39	37
Stallsmith	3	2
Hull	8	
Bucher	12	9
Harman	2	

AUDITOR.

Menchey	6
Sherfy	43

JURY COMMISSIONER.

	1st.	2d.
Mayer	22	40
Hagerman	21	7
Schwartz	14	

Messrs. E. Shorb, Henry J. Myers and Wm. Ross White were appointed Congressional Conferees, with instructions to support the Hon. William McSherry.

A Committee on Resolutions was appointed during the day, but the Convention having got through with the nominations, rapidly melted away—the successful to exchange congratulations, and the disappointed to give vent to their wrath—giving the Committee no opportunity to make report. At least careful inquiry from a number of delegates failed to elict any knowledge of resolutions being reported or adopted.

THADDEUS STEVENS.—Hon. A. K. McClure, of Philadelphia, last week delivered the annual address before the Literary Societies of Washington and Jefferson College, on *Life: the Ideal and the Actual*. Col. McClure illustrates his theme by reference to the career of our own beloved statesman. He thus refers to Mr. Stevens:

"My life has been a failure," were the sad words I heard uttered by Thaddeus Stevens when he was setting his house in order for the inexorable messenger. He was the great Commoner of the Nation's sorest trial, and had witnessed the triumph of his earnest and consistent efforts for the disenthrallment of the oppressed. He was content when braving popular ignorance and prejudice against education and freedom; but when he became the acknowledged leader of the House, and saw the substantial success of his defeated principles, his ideal life was not fulfilled—for himself his life appeared as does the statue fashioned to rest upon some high pinnacle. It seems ungainly, ill-proportioned and wanting in symmetry—LOW, THEREFORE, ROUNDED DWELLING, with a one and a-half story frame Kitchen attached, a good double Log Barn, double Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Hay Shed 30x26 feet with Horse Stable, Spring House with a never-failing Spring of Water, Log Smoke House with Smoke House and Oven all under the same roof, a large Hen Pen, and other outbuildings. About 40 ACRES are in good Timber, with a full proportion of Meadow, most of the fields being well watered with running streams of water, supplied by never-failing Springs. There are two young Orchards of Apple trees, also other choice fruit on the premises. The title is good and clear, and desirably located.

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BASE BALL.—On the 4th inst., the First Gettysburg Nine accepted an invitation from the "Star" club of York Springs, to play a game of Base Ball at the York Sulpher Springs. The following is the score:

YORK SPRINGS.	O. R.	GETTYSBURG.	O. R.
Gardner, p	4 4	Crawford, lf	4 1
Gorter, c	3 4	Hill, 3b	4 1
Stewart, 1b	1 6	Huber, jr., ss	5 1
Peters, cf	2 2	Scott, 2b	5 1
Uhler, ss	6 1	Myers, 1b	3 1
Sadler, 2d	3 3	Cunningham, p	3 2
Worley, 3b	3 3	Huber, sr., rf	3 2
Becker, lf	1 4	Hoke, c	3 2
Deardorff, rf	4 2	Cox, cf	2 3
	27 28		27 15

INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
York Springs	3	6	4	3	2	1	6	0	3	—28
Gettysburg	0	7	0	0	2	1	3	1	1	—15

Fly-catches—Gettysburg 10; York Springs 11.
Double play—Gettysburg 1.
Umpire—John M. Krauth, Esq., Gettysburg.
Scorers—Wm. Rathvon, Lancaster, John L. Toy, York Springs.
Time of Game, 2 hours, 20 minutes.

The Gettysburg boys, although beaten, speak in the highest terms of the courtesy and gentlemanly bearing of the "Star" club, the members of both clubs, at the close of the game, partaking of a capital entertainment at the Springs Hotel, provided at the expense of the York Springs club. A return game will probably be played in Gettysburg in September.

We hear it rumored that the "Eckfords," of Washington City, think of making Gettysburg a point in their tour.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

NEW OXFORD, Aug. 6, 1870.

EDITOR STAR:—While spending a few weeks in New Brunswick, several years ago, I stopped at the house of John P. Smith, a native of England, whose history as a "Son of Temperance" is worthy of note. He was then seventy years of age and a charter member of Avon Division in a small village of that Dominion. He had passed the chair three times, and was then filling the office of Recording Scribe for the sixtieth term, and for ten successive years commissioned as D. G. W. Patriarch, and he said that no charge had ever been preferred against him; he has faithfully kept the pledge, was constant at his post, and hoped to die in the harness. His aged wife was fully with him in the work. This couple rode on the first train of the first railroad in the world—the "Stockton and Darlington," in the County of Durham, England, opened June 21, 1825. This road was built by George Stevenson, sen., who afterwards built the Manchester and Liverpool Railway. A plenty of such faithful souls scattered among the masses of men would be indeed a saving element in society.

A trip through a valley in that country, gave me an opportunity of seeing the "Garden of New Brunswick" in the field verdure of summer's best outfit. This interesting strip of land, no doubt once the bed of a branch of the Bay of Fundy, will ever present to the student of nature a fruitful subject of thought and examination.

Though absent from the stirring scenes of "my native land" on the ever memorable Fourth, and although I felt somewhat of a yearning on that day for the associations of old, I was not altogether without entertainment, for I had the rare privilege of taking a ride through "*Paradise*," and picking strawberries with some of the "*angels*."

With no law but license, and the old English customs of drinking fastened on the prejudices of the people, so strongly that even the religious sentiment can scarcely shake them off, Temperance work is something there which requires nerve and determination. But the consummation must be reached; and the agencies of the present must, by their efficiency, pave the way for those of the future. May God bless the right, and hasten the day of deliverance from the great curse. J. R. C.

"GETTYSBURG ZOUAVES"—Will meet for Drill and Parade at their armory on Saturday Aug. 27th at 1 o'clock P.M., in full dress. There will also be company Drill every Thursday Evening in the armory, and every member is expected to be present, unless he wishes to be one of the *awkward squad*. There is room for a few more good active young men, who wish to connect themselves with the company. The law allows each member $12 per year and after he has served 5 years, he is exempt from all militia Taxes or Duty. By order of the Captain,

2t B. H. NORRIS, 1st Serg't.

GRAND TROT.—A grand Trot will come off on the track of the Gettysburg Fair Grounds, on Saturday afternoon, the 27th inst., for a purse of $400, between the two fast trotting horses "Onward" and "Gen. Geary,"—the former belonging to I. C. Dellone, of Hanover, and the latter to Dr. T. T. Tate, of Gettysburg. 2t

ANOTHER ILLUSTRATION.—We have another illustration of the advantages of Life Insurance in the fact that on Saturday last, Wm. King, Esq., Agent of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company, paid over to Mrs. Rebecca C. Wortz, widow of David Wortz, deceased, of Hanover, the sum of $5000 on a policy which her husband had taken out in February, 1869.—He had made but two payments, and his widow now realizes the sum of $5,000 on the small investment thus made. This Company is one of the oldest and best established in the country, and is thoroughly reliable. Wm. King, Esq., of New Oxford, is the Agent. 1t

IS IT MEDICINE?—A friend of ours, who hails from one of the upper districts of South Carolina, called at the Pick office, and among other novelties, he mentioned "Wolfe's Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps," and stated as a fact, that in his section of the country, nearly all of the physicians, in certain cases, when they deemed ardent spirits necessary to prolong or save life, invariably used these "Schnapps," justly regarding it as the only spirits that could be procured pure and unadulterated. He also stated that this medicine or "Schnapps" was becoming the only beverage sold on the great stage or railroad routes. He says those physicians who have used and analyzed it, state that for diseases such as gravel, gout, rheumatism, &c., it is incomparable. 1t

☞A Merchant, desiring to change his base of business, offers his entire stock of Dry Goods, good will and fixtures at a bargain and on easy terms. The room is situated in a pleasant part of Mechanicsburg, and as a business location is unsurpassed. For further particulars address P. O. Box, 71, Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, Pa. aug. 12.-2t

☞Farmers who want a first class Fertilizer, which has been tried and thoroughly approved, should try the Star Bone Phosphate. There is no humbug about it, as all who have used it know. The manufacturers being Adams county men of known integrity, our farmers can rely on getting the genuine article. See adv.

A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS.—Messrs. Cobean & Cunningham having determined to close out their stock of Ready-made Clothing, are now selling all kinds of Coats, Pants, Vest, &c, at largely reduced prices—many of them less than cost. Now is the time to secure Bargains. The goods are all first-class and will positively be sold without regard to cost. aug.13.tf.

WANTED.—A. M. Hunter, at the Gettysburg Forge, will buy Hickory Plank 8 or 16 feet long, and 1½, 1¾ and 1¾ inches thick, at $30 per 1000 feet, board measure clear stuff. aug-12,1t

LIFE INSURANCE.—In the death of Prof. Stoever, of this place, we have another illustration of the advantages and importance of Life Insurance. We learn that about two years ago Prof. S. took out a Policy for $5,000 in the "Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company," of Philadelphia, on which he had made but three payments, amounting in the aggregate to about $350. His family will now realize $5,000. The "Penn Mutual" is one of the oldest and best established companies in the country, with a heavy surplus capital, which pays all Policies promptly. Mr. Henry J. Fahnestock is the Agent for this county. july29,3t

ALWAYS AHEAD.—Capt. NORRIS is determined not to be outdone by rivals, and hence has been brushing up his "Head-Quarters," on the corner of the Diamond and Chambersburg street, (Arnold's corner,) where he has on hand the largest and best assortment of Ready-made Clothing of all kinds, for Spring and Summer use, ever opened in Gettysburg, and which he is offering at astonishingly low figures. His stock of Straw Hats embraces all styles, qualities, and prices. ap22-tf

CHANGE OF FIRM.—On the 1st of August the firm of Bigham & Co., Forwarding and Commision Merchants, was dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Alexander Cobean retires from the firm, and Messrs. Wm. M. Bigham and James Bigham will hereafter conduct the business under the firm of Bigham & Brother. Besides the Forwarding and Commission business, they will always keep on hand a large supply of Groceries of all kinds, which will be sold at lowest cash rates. aug. 4-3t

WHAT DID IT?—Lyon's Kathairon made my hair soft, luxuriant and thick, and Hagan's Magnolia Balm changed that sallow complexion into the marble beauty you now see. This is emphatically the language of all who use these articles. A fine head of hair and a refined complexion are the greatest attractions a woman can possess. The Kathairon and Magnolia Balm are just what will give them to you, and nothing else will. The Balm is the bloom of youth. It makes a lady of thirty appear but twenty. Both articles are entirely harmless, and very pleasant. They should be in every lady's possession. aug. 5-1m

THE WARM WEATHER being upon us, those wishing to refresh themselves will do well to call upon E. H. MINNICH on Chambersburg street and try the celebrated *Cream Soda*, which cannot be surpassed as a refreshing and healthy beverage. He also has constantly on hand the best Ice Cream, in small or large quantities to suit all. Pic-nics and Parties furnished at reduce prices. Give us a call and see for yourselves. july8-9t

SALE OF FURNITURE.—On Tuesday of Court week, (August 16,) at 1 o'clock, P. M., will be sold at Public Sale, in the Diamond, a large lot of new Cottage Furniture, which has never been used, and is in prime order—full Chamber sets, Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, &c. Persons desiring to examine the Furniture in advance will call on Hon. Robert McCurdy. 2t

ATTENTION FARMERS.—Try the celebrated Patent Elastic Rubber-lined Collars, Saddles, and Pads. Warranted to prevent horses from galling and to heal up under work horses already galled, if properly fitted; and sore necks and backs are kept clean with water and castile soap, or no pay. For sale by J. W. Cress, Manufacturer's Agent, Gettysburg. aug10-4t

☞Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is "a combination and a form indeed" for healing and curing diseases of the throat, lungs and chest. It cures a cough by loosening and cleansing the lungs, and allaying irritation; thus *removing the cause*, instead of drying up the cough and leaving the disease behind. 1t

☞Hamlin's Celebrated *Wizard Oil*, for rheumatism, neuralgia, headache, toothache, &c., for sale by A. D. Buehler, Druggist, Gettysburg. tf

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A good second-hand Falling and Shifting-top Buggy. Enquire at this office. tf

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain & Produce Market.
Baltimore, Thursday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR	6 00	@	6 25
EXTRA FLOUR	6 50	@	6 75
WHITE WHEAT	1 60	@	1 70
RED WHEAT	1 25	@	1 60
CORN	1 05	@	1 16
RYE	92	@	95
OATS	43	@	48
TIMOTHY-SEED	00	@	00
CLOVER-SEED	0 00	@	0 00
FLAX-SEED	0 00	@	0 00
BACON, SHOULDERS	15¾	@	16
" SIDES	18	@	18¼
" HAMS	0 00	@	26
LARD	17	@	18

Gettysburg Grain & Provision Market.
Gettysburg, Friday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR	0 00	@	0 00
EXTRA FLOUR	0 00	@	5 75
WHITE WHEAT	0 00	@	0 00
RED WHEAT	1 10	@	1 30
CORN	0 00	@	95
RYE	0 00	@	90
OATS	40	@	45
BUCKWHEAT	0 00	@	0 00
TIMOTHY-SEED	0 00	@	0 00
CLOVER-SEED	0 00	@	0 00
POTATOES	0 00	@	30
BUTTER	0 00	@	20
LARD	0 00	@	16
EGGS	00	@	18
BACON, SHOULDERS	00	@	12½
" SIDES	00	@	12½
" HAMS	00	@	18
SOAP	00	@	6
TALLOW	00	@	00

STOCKS AND BONDS.

Closing Prices of De Haven & Bro., 40 South 3rd St., Philadelphia.

3 o'clock, P. M., July 20th, 1870.

U. S. 6's of '81	114½	114¾
" " '62	113½	113¾
" " '64	112	112
" " '65	111¾	111¾
" " '65 new	110¾	110
" " '67	110¾	110
" " '68	110	110¼
" 5's, 10-40's	107¾	107¾
U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Cy	111¾	111¾
Due Comp. Int. Notes	19	
Gold	117	117¼
Silver	112	114
Union Pacific R. R. 1st M. Bonds	850	860
Central Pacific R. R.	850	860
Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds	770	770

MARRIED.

HUFF—STRINER.—On the 7th inst., by the Rev. E. Breidenbaugh, Mr. John M. Huff, of near Littlestown, to Miss Louisa C. Striner, of Gettysburg.

SHULL—ESCHELTZ.—On the 4th inst., by Rev. J. R. Hoberecht, Samuel Shull, of Straban township, to Reburn E. Eschelts, of Tyrone township.

ZIEGLER—GARMAN.—On the 4th inst., in Trinity Reformed Church, by the Rev. J. O. Miller, Edward L. Zeigler, Esq., formerly of this place, to Miss Sallie M. Carman, both of York Pa.

DIED.

Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over four lines—cash to accompany the notices.

ARNDT.—On the 8th inst., Henry David, infant son of George and Matilda Arndt, of Cumberland township, aged 8 months and 18 days.

Dearest Brother, thou hast left us;
Here thy loss we deeply feel.
But 'tis God that hath bereft us,
He can all our sorrows heal.

Yet again we hope to meet thee,
When the day of life is fled.
Then in heaven with joy to greet thee,
Where no farewell tear is shed.

A. G. R.

MCCLEAF.—On the 23rd ult., in Hobart, Lake county, Indiana, of dropsy, Madison McCleaf, aged 58 years, formerly of this county.

CRUMBACKER.—On the 8th inst., Daniel Almoth, son of Daniel P. and Matilda Crumbacker, aged 3 years, 1 month and 5 days. Little Daniel has gone to join the angel host and gaze on his father's face.

New Advertisements.

SAVE MONEY.—Pending the agitation of the Funding Bill, which will evidently depreciate Government Bonds, persons would do well by reading the advertisement of the "Gettysburg National Bank," in another column, and exchange their Government Bonds and realize a handsome profit thereby, and obtain an investment as safe and profitable. tf

New Advertisements.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

The undersigned having been appointed Assignees of HIRAM GRIMES and WIFE, of Menallen township, Adams county, in trust for creditors, hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said assignor to make immediate payment of their respective dues, and all persons having claims or demands to present the same properly authenticated for settlement

CHARLES J. TYSON,
CYRUS S. GRIEST,
Assignees

Aug. 12, 1870—6t* *The first named Assignee resides in Menallen, the latter in Butler township.

Dissolution—Pay Up!

THE firm of BIGHAM & CO., having been dissolved by mutual consent, it is necessary that the Books be settled as promptly as possible. All persons indebted are requested to call without delay and make settlement. The Books will be kept at the Ware-House, where parties will please call. BIGHAM & CO.

Aug. 12.-3t

NEW FIRM.

BIGHAM & BROTHER.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSE,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned, having entered into partnership under the firm of BIGHAM & BROTHER, will carry on the Forwarding and Commission business, at the old stand, on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, and devote to it their entire time and attention. The HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid at all times for Grain and Produce.

☞A regular line of Freight Cars will leave our Warehouse every *TUESDAY NOON*, for Baltimore and Philadelphia, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from these cities. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 165 North Howard street, Baltimore, and to Burk's Warehouse, 312 Market street, Philadelphia.

We will also keep constantly on hand the best of

Groceries of all kinds,

Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Spices, Fish, Salt, Syrups, Oils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c., which will be sold at lowest cash rates.

WM. M. BIGHAM,
JAMES BIGHAM.

Aug. 12, 1870.—tf

A SMALL PROPERTY AT PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at private sale, a TRACT OF LAND, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, on the Hanover road, half a mile from Bonaughtown, adjoining lands of James Biehl, Rev. Shorb and others, and containing 18 ACRES, more or less. The improvements are a one and a half story DWELLING HOUSE, part stone and part frame, a Frame Barn, Smoke House, and a number of excellent water, and plenty of fruit. Two acres are good timber. The land is in a high state of cultivation and under post and rail fencing. Terms easy, to suit purchasers. Apply to or address the undersigned, in the same township. B. F. HAGARMAN.

Aug. 12, 1870.—tf

PUBLIC SALE

On Saturday, the 1st of October next, 1870, the undersigned will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, their FARM, situate in Straban township, Adams county, one mile from Hunterstown, adjoining lands of John Dickson and others, containing 170 ACRES, more or less. The improvements are a good WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE, with Backbuilding, good Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Spring House, and all other necessary outbuildings; also a good Apple Orchard and other fruit. A stream of water runs through the farm; plenty of timber and fine meadows. This property is well watered, and one of the best stock farms in the county.

Also, at the same time and place, a TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND, adjoining lands of Malden Bishop, about two miles northeast of Bendersville, containing 12 ACRES, more or less.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JOHN N. GRAFF,
JAMES E. GRAFF.

Aug. 12-4t

VERY VALUABLE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

On Saturday, the 10th of September, 1870, the Heirs of Abraham Fickes, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the real estate of said decedent, viz:

A FARM, situate in Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., on the road leading from Heidlersburg to Wierman's Mill, 1 mile from the Mill, on Bermudian creek, containing 180 ACRES, more or less, adjoining lands of John Knob, John Howe, Jacob Herah, and others. The improvements consist of a new two-story BRICK DWELLING, with Basement, containing ten apartments, a new Bank Barn with good Stabling and Granaries, and other outbuildings, three thriving young Apple Orchards and a Peach Orchard of choice fruit, in good bearing order; a good Well and Spring of Water convenient to the House; standing water at the barn; two Apple Orchards, in fine bearing condition, with every other variety of choice fruit. The farm is located in a pleasant neighborhood, and convenient to churches, schools, mills, stores and machine shops. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on the premises.

At the same time will be offered a TRACT OF LAND, adjoining the above, containing about 3 ACRES, one-third covered with thrifty Timber.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by EPHRAIM FICKES,
JOHN H. FICKES,
Agents for the Heirs.

Aug. 12.-4t

VALUABLE FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned, Executors of the last Will and Testament of RUDOLPH DIETRICH, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on *Saturday the 3d of September next, 1870*, on the premises, the well-known FARM of said deceased, situate in Tyrone township, Adams county, 3 miles northwest of Heidlersburg, adjoining lands of Jacob Bowers, John Delap, Peter Stonesifer, Daniel Brame, and others, containing 163 ACRES and 138 PERCHES, more or less. The improvements consist of a two-story LOG AND WEATHERBOARDED DWELLING, with a one and a-half story frame Kitchen attached, a good double Log Barn, double Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Hay Shed 30x26 feet with Horse Stable, Spring House with a never-failing Spring of Water, Log Smoke House with Smoke House and Oven all under the same roof, a large Hen Pen, and other outbuildings. About 40 ACRES are in good Timber, with a full proportion of Meadow, most of the fields being well watered with running streams of water, supplied by never-failing Springs. There are two young Orchards of Apple trees, also other choice fruit on the premises. The title is good and clear, and desirably located.

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New Advertisements.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of HENRY YINGLING, late of New Oxford, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in New Oxford, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. D. HIMES, Adm'r.

Aug. 12, 1870—6t

West Middle Street Market

(Near the Court-house.)

FRESH MEAT

Every Day in the Week,

SUNDAY EXCEPTED.

GEORGE A. CODORI.

Aug. 12, 1870.—tf

Hagerstown Female Seminary.

Will commence its

SEVENTEENTH SCHOLASTIC YEAR

On Monday, September 5th.

The course of study embraces both the solid and ornamental branches, under the supervision and instruction of a large corps of Professors and Teachers of long experience and pre-eminent ability.

The domestic arrangements contemplate full provision for the

COMFORT OF BOARDING PUPILS.

☞Rates of charge moderate.

For Catalogues, or any desired information, address

REV. W. F. EYSTER, A. M., Principal.
Hagerstown, Md.

A Good Time Coming!

THE FIFTH ANNUAL PIC-NIC OF

CASHTOWN SPRINGS,

Will be held on Saturday the 13th day of August next,

which the public are respectfully invited to attend.

☞No Collection will be held. Good music will be procured for the occasion. Refreshments on the ground.

☞Should the day be unfavorable, it will be held on the following Saturday.

JOHN N. MILLER,
AMOS H. STOVER,
DANIEL SHEELY,
ADAM DEARDORFF,
Committee.

July 22, 1870.—td

##

Farm, Garden & Household.

METHOD OF REARING YOUNG CATTLE.

There are two objects in rearing calves, each of which is of great importance.—1st,—To effect it without the assistance of milk at all; and 2d,—To improve skim milk in such a manner as to make it more nutritious; it being well known that there is a prodigious difference in the growth and thriving of the animal, when fed with new or skimmed milk.—I followed the method of gruel, made my barley and oats ground, with the greatest exactness, last year with two calves, both of which, so far from being reared, were so reduced that though I changed their diet to milk, it was too late, and they both died.

My method is this:—In two or three days after they are calved, I take the calves from the cows, and put them by themselves: I then give them a kind of water gruel, composed of barley about one-third, and two-thirds oats, ground very fine, that is boiled about half an hour: I give each calf about a quart in the morning and the same quantity at sunset, and increase it as the calf grows older. After they have had this diet about two weeks, I put a little hay in their stalls, which they will gradually eat, I keep them in this manner until they are about two months old, then I turn them out to grass. By this method I have raised between fifty and sixty head within the past four years, and with a trifle of expense.

I have come to the second object, viz.: that of improving skim milk, a desideratum as much to be desired as the former. I take one gallon of skimmed milk, and add to it about half a pint of common molasses, stirring until well mixed; add to this one ounce of linseed oil-cake mixing it thoroughly; then let this mixture be put into the other part of the milk, and the whole made as nearly warm as new milk, and in this state it is fit to use.—*American Stock Journal.*

CAUSTIC LIME FOR INSECTS.—There are few insects that can withstand a dose of freshly slacked lime. We always keep a quantity of it on hand ready for sprinkling over plants infested with slugs or bugs of any kind, and it has always proved effectual if applied at the right time. Last year, the whitepine worm attacked nearly every pine tree on our place, but two or three dustings of lime when the trees were wet with dew banished or destroyed this pest, which in a few days, if unchecked, would have stripped every leaf from our trees. The asparagus beetle appeared upon our beds of this vegetable in countless numbers, but a few doses of lime have made them leave, and the plants are healthy and vigorous at the present time.

We have driven from our garden the rose-slug, cabbage-flea, and numerous other pests, by the use of this same material, and we have never observed that the plants were damaged by its use. A correspondent at the West says that he has entirely checked the ravages of the Colorado potato-bug by freely using lime upon the plants, and we have no doubt that others might be equally successful by a persistent use of this material.—Lime is so cheap that no one can object to its use on that score, and even if it fails to kill the insects, it will usually do the land good wherever applied.—*Hearth and Home.*

JUDGE GRAVES, of Herkimer, N. Y., states that he soiled a horse on an eighth of an acre of grass, and considers it the proper way to feed stock, as it unquestionably is.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

President Judge—Robert J. Fisher.
Associate Judges—Joseph J. Kuhn, Robert McCurdy.
Prothonotary—Jacob Melhern.
Register and Recorder—Samuel Swope.
Clerk of the Courts—H. G. Wolf.
District Attorney—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—Wm. J. Martin.
Sheriff—Jacob Klunk.
Coroner—C. M. D. Gates.
Surveyor—Jesse B. Keller.
Commissioners—Jacob Lott, Moses Hartman, Emanuel Neidlich. *Clerk*—J. Jefferson Myers.
Counsel—Wm. McClean. *Physician to Jail*—Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
Directors of the Poor—Martin Getz, Benjamin Long, Jacob L. Swope. *Steward*—Samuel Johns. *Clerk*—H. A. Picking. *Treasurer*—Jacob Benner. *Counsel*—J. C. Neely. *Physician*—Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
Auditors—Martin E. Bollinger, Eli G. Heagy, David Rhodes.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

Burgess—Dr. J. L. Hill.
Council—W. S. Hamilton, C. A. Boyer, Jacob W. Crei, Robert Tate, A. P. Hunter, S. S. Russel. *Clerk*—J. Augulinbaugh. *Treasurer*—S. S. Russel.
Constables—Wm. J. Tate, George W. Weikert.
School Directors—Wm. Gulnn, W. T. King, Hiram Warren, J. M. Krauth, Jacob Augulinbaugh, A. M. Hunter. *Secretary*—J. M. Krauth. *Treasurer*—E. G. Rahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

President—George Swope.
Cashier—J. Emory Bair.
Tellers—Henry S. Bonner.
Directors—George Swope, William Young, Henry Witt, David Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. Mesberry, William D. Himes, Joshua Motter, John Waugh.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

President—George Throne.
Cashier—George Arnold.
Tellers—Samuel Buehman.
Directors—George Throne, Robt. Bell, John Brough, John Horner, George Arnold, John Musselman John Wolford.

EVER GREEN CEMETERY.

President—J. L. Schick.
Secretary—William R. Meals.
Treasurer—Alexander Cobean.
Managers—John Rupp, J. L. Hill, Josiah Benner, George Spangler, George Little, William R. Meals, Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—David A. Buehler.
Treasurer—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Henry A. Picking, Jacob King.

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

President—Samuel Herbst.
Vice Presidents—Ephraim Myers, J. S. Witherow.
Corresponding Secretary—H. J. Schick.
Recording Secretary—Edward Fahnestock.
Treasurer—David Wills.
Managers—William B. Wilson, William Wible, Jonas Routzahn, Frederick Diehl, W. Ross White.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

President—Edward G. Fahnestock.
Vice President—William A. Duncan.
Secretary—John W. McCreary.
Treasurer—John Culp.
Managers—J. W. C. O'Neal, John Rupp, A. J. Cover, D. Kendlehart, W. P. Atkinson.

GAS COMPANY.

President—R. G. Fahnestock.
Secretary—Wm. A. Duncan.
Treasurer—Joel B. Danner.
Managers—A. D. Buehler, M. Eichelberger, H. D. Watts, S. R. Russell, W. A. Duncan, J. B. Danner.

WATER COMPANY.

President—George W. McClellan.
Secretary and Treasurer—S. R. Russell.
Managers—G. W. McClellan, F. R. Buehler, S. R. Russell, H. G. Wolf, M. Eichelberger.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

Superintendent—Robert McCurdy.
Secretary and Treasurer—David Will.

	First.	Second.
Trains depart	8.45 A. M.	2.45 P. M.
" arrive	12.25 P. M.	6.45 P. M.

The first train makes close connection North and South, the second train South.

ASSOCIATIONS.

Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.
Union Encampment, No. 126, I. O. O. F.—In Odd Fellows' Hall, 1st and 3d Monday in each month.
Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 336, A. Y. M.—Corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday in each month.
Gen. Reynolds Lodge No. 180, I. O. G. T.—On Baltimore street, above Washington, every Monday evening.
Gettysburg Lodge, No. 834, I. O. G. T.—Meets ever Friday evening, in the Hall, N. E. Corner Center Square.
Adams Encampment, No. 124, S. of T.—Meets every Thursday evening, in the Hall, N. E. Corner Center Square.
Cayugas Tribe, No. 31, I. O. R. M.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Friday evening.
Hose Council, No. 215, I. O. R. M.—In McConaughy's Hall, every Wednesday evening.

CHURCHES.

Lutheran, (Christ's)—Pastor, Rev. C. A. Hay, D. D. Services by Professors of College and Seminary, alternately, Sabbath morning and evening and Wednesday evening. During vacations, Sunday evening service omitted.
Lutheran, (St. James')—Rev. E. Breidenbaugh. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Methodist Episcopal—Revs. H. C. Cheston, J. C. Clarke. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Thursday evening.
Presbyterian—Rev. Wm. H. Hillis. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
German Reformed—Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
Catholic—Rev. Joseph Bolz. Services 1st, 2d and 5th Sabbaths, morning and afternoon. 3d and 4th Sabbaths, morning. Rev. J. Jamieson. Service by special appointments.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

JOHN PICKING. F. B. PICKING.

OPENED OUT AGAIN!

READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

Hats, Caps, Notions, &c.,

THE undersigned, doing business under the firm of PICKING & Co., have opened a new Store Room in the large three-story Brick Building, on Chambersburg street, nearly opposite Buehler's Drug Store, and invite their old friends to give them a call. We have laid in an entirely

NEW STOCK OF GOODS,

selected with care, of the very best make and latest styles, comprising

READY-MADE CLOTHING, COATS, PANTS, VESTS, DUSTERS, WOOLEN SHIRTS, DRAWERS, SUSPENDERS, CRAVATS, NECK-TIES, HATS, CAPS, AND

NOTIONS IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

All of which have been bought in a falling market, and will be sold at astonishingly low rates.

We have also on hand a large assortment of LADIES' MISSES & CHILDRENS'

SHOES,

of latest styles and best make, which we are selling out at cost, to close out the stock. Call and examine.

JOHN PICKING.
April 8, 1870. tf F. B. PICKING.

NORRIS'

HEADQUARTERS!

On South-East Corner of Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Has the Largest and Best Stocks of

SPRING AND SUMMER

CLOTHING,

THE LATEST STYLES

HATS AND CAPS,

THE BEST MANUFACTURED

BOOTS AND SHOES,

WITH A VARIETY OF

Summer Under-clothing,

AND

Gents' Furnishing Goods of every variety; also a large assortment of

NOTIONS, TRUNKS,

And everything found in a Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

April 22, 1870.—tf

Spring & Summer Clothing

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

COBEAN & CUNNINGHAM

HAVE just received from the City a new and large stock of

Clothing, Hats and Caps,

BOOTS AND SHOES, NOTIONS, SEGARS, &c., &c.

LATEST STYLES.

One and all are in invited to call at our Store, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, nearly opposite Fahnestock Bros.

R. C. COBEAN,
April 15, 1870.—tf J. S. CUNNINGHAM.

SPRING AND SUMMER

CLOTHING,

AT F. CUNNINGHAM'S,

Chambersburg street, next door to Keystone Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. You will always find the best qualities and latest styles of

COATS, PANTS, VESTS,

of all styles and sizes. Also,

SHIRTS, TRUNKS,

VALISES, UMBRELLAS,

and a great and large variety of NOTIONS, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, CLOCKS, WATCHES,

TOBACCO and CIGARS.

He has in connection with his Ready-Made Clothing, commenced

Merchant Tailoring,

in all its branches. The public will always find the latest styles of

Cloths, Cassimers, Tweeds, Jeans, Trimmings, &c., at his Store.

D. W. C. DANNER, a Tailor of long experience, will always be found on hand ready to measure, cut and manufacture work in a good fitting suit.

☞Goods bought elsewhere, will be cut and made up to suit customers. [April 22, 1870.—tf

WOLF'S

Cheap Clothing Store,

On the Northeast Corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.,

Has the largest and best stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER

CLOTHING,

ever offered in this place. Also, the very latest and best styles of

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

with a variety of Summer Under-Clothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods generally. Also, a fine assortment of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Notions, &c.

The best manufactured Leather Trunks and Valises, Carpet Bags and Umbrellas always on hand.

Hosiery and Gloves, a large assortment. Children's Fancy Shoes of all kinds. In short, everything that is usually kept in a first-class Gent's Furnishing Store.

All will be sold as low as the lowest, our motto being, "Quick sales and small profits." Call and examine our stock of goods before purchasing elsewhere.

May 20, 1870.—tf S. WOLF.

GO TO

KLINGEL'S

FOR YOUR

Boots, Shoes and Gaiters!

D. H. KLINGEL, on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, Gettysburg, has just received a large stock of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, which he is selling at greatly reduced prices. It embraces:

FOR LADIES—Congress Gaiters, Balmoral Gaiters, Kid Slippers, all styles, Morocco Balmorals, &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN—French Calf Boots, American Calf Boots, Kip Boots, Congress Gaiters, Calf Balmorals, Slippers, all styles, Brogans, &c.

FOR MISSES—Congress Gaiters, Balmoral Gaiters, Morocco Balmorals, &c.

FOR BOYS—Congress Gaiters, Calf Balmorals, Brogans, &c.

Infant Shoes of all kinds.

Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand.

Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that I can please all who may call.

THE MANUFACTURING

of Boots, Shoes and Gaiters will also be carried on, in all its branches, as before. Repairing done on short notice. By employing none but first class workmen, and using none but the choicest leather, he feels confident of maintaining his former reputation. Certainly nothing will be left undone to deserve it.

Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuance of public patronage. D. H. KLINGEL.
May 13, 1870.—tf

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

REMOVED.

JOSEPH JACOBS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS REMOVED

Next door to J. W. Creis' Store, on Chambersburg st., near the Square.

A large assortment of

Cloths, Cassimers, Vestings, Trimmings &c., &c.,

offered at the smallest profits.

Goods bought at the Store cut free of charge.

Goods made up with dispatch, as well when bought at other stores as at his own. Latest N. Y. Fashions received, and tailoring done in the most approved style. Cutting done, as usual.

The public patronage solicited, and no effort spared to please.

April 22, 1870.—tf JOS. JACOBS.

Books, Drugs, Medicines.

69. JUNE 69.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs & Family Medicines

PATENT MEDICINES,

Liquors and Wines for Medical Purposes, Pure Spices and Flavoring Extracts, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Soaps, Perfumes and Toilet Goods, Inks, Writing Fluids and Stationery. Physician's Prescriptions and Family recipes accurately put up. Physicians and country Merchants supplied at REDUCED RATES.

Forney's Horse Powder

the best and cheapest for Horses, Cattle and Swine. Other Horse Powders of approved makes.

HUBER'S

Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.
June 11, 1869.—tf

DR. R. HORNER,

has resumed the

Practice of Medicine.

Office at his

DRUG STORE,

In Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg.

Also, Dealer in

PURE DRUGS. MEDICINES. SPICES. BAKING SODA. DYE STUGFS, PATENT MEDICINES.

Jan. 14, 1870.—tf

DR. JAMES CRESS,

DRUGGIST,

Store in Brant's Building, Baltimore Street.,

LITTLESTOWN.

HAVING opened a new DRUG STORE and fitted it up in the best style, I offer my stock of pure and fresh Drugs to the citizens of Littlestown and vicinity at the lowest market rates, consisting in part of

Drugs and Family Medicines, pure Liquors for for Medicinal Purposes, Patent Medicines, Horse Powders,

Pure Spices, Dyes and Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Toilet Soaps and Fancy articles. A full assortment of Brushes, Stationery of all kinds, Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

☞Moore's Electro-Magnetic Soap will wash with hard and soft water, cold or warm. Clothes washed with this Soap are made beautifully white without boiling or blueing. This is the best Soap in use. Try it. It is warranted not to injure the hands or fabric.

Littlestown, May 13.—1y JAMES CRESS.

A. D. BUEHLER,

DRUG & BOOK STORE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PATENT MEDICINES,

BOOKS,

STATIONERY,

PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES,

GOLD PENS,

&c., &c., &c.

Chambersburg Street, near Diamond.

☞Country Merchants supplied at City wholesale rates. [Feb. 25, 1870.—tf

Livery Stables.

WEAVER & SON.

Livery, Sales & Exchange

STABLES,

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public that they have better accommodations than ever to supply the public with all styles and kinds of Conveyances that can be found in a first-class livery. Their Horses, Hacks, and Sleighs cannot be beaten by any establishment in the town. In prices they defy competition.

HORSES AND MULES

bought and sold, on reasonable terms.

GIVE US A CALL.

Take Notice.

THE undersigned is desirous of closing up his old accounts, and would ask all those indebted to call and settle the same. The books will be left at the above stables and all persons indebted are earnestly requested to call and square their accounts.

Dec. 9, 1869.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER.

EAGLE LIVERY,

Sale and Exchange Stables,

Opposite the Eagle Hotel, Chambersburg Street GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned have opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE, in this place, and are prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. We have provided ourselves with

Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c.,

of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. Our horses are good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "A. 1." order.

Hiding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Horses kept by the day or week, politely attended to and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

☞We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment.

PERRY W. TATE.
WILLIAM D. HOLTZWORTH.
Dec. 31, 1869.—tf

Notice to the Public!

THE undersigned is running a Line of Stages over the Mountain to Gettysburg, leaving Fairfield at 9 o'clock, A. M., passing by Leffersburg, Waynesboro', Monterey and Clermont Springs. Fountain Dale and Fairfield arriving at Gettysburg at half past 5 o'clock and returning from Gettysburg on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arriving at Hagerstown to make connection with the 6 o'clock train for Baltimore. ANNA WASHER.
May 31.—tf

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

SPRING AND SUMMER

GOODS.

Fahnestock Brothers

have just opened a choice and desirable assortment of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS of every description, which they are SELLING AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

BARGAINS.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS are selling GOODS at astonishingly low prices. Those wanting bargains, should by all means give them a call.

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

If you want GOODS at old prices before the War, don't fail to buy at FAHNESTOCKS.

"F I P" CALICO

as good as was ever sold, at FAHNESTOCKS.

Fahnestock Brothers

KEEP

Dry Goods, Carpets, &c.,

HARDWARE, SADDLERY, &c.,

QUEENS-WARE, CEDAR-WARE, GROCERIES, PAINTS, OILS, AND WINDOW GLASS.

☞Give them a call.☜

April 29, 1870—tf

J. L. SCHICK,

has the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

that has been brought to Gettysburg this Spring, which will be sold at the lowest possible rates.

May 6, 1870—tf.

GREAT RUSH!

Rebert & Elliott's Store,

IN BENDERSVILLE,

WAS entered last week and a large quantity of Dry Goods, Notions, Queens-ware and Carpeting taken.

The parties are well known, but have thus far escaped arrest, as they left Greenbacks in exchange for goods.

The persons who took the goods are very well satisfied that they received more and better goods for their money, than they could have got at any other store.

COME ONE! COME ALL!!

And examine our large assortment of

SILKS, GINGHAMS, LAWNS, BAREGES, ALPACCAS, &C., CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, JEANS, VESTINGS, &C.

Also, CARPETS, NOTIONS, GLASS-WARE, QUEENS-WARE, and indeed, a general assortment of everything belonging to a first-class store.

Remember the place is opposite the Court-house. Baltimore street, and that our motto is "Fair Dealing and Small Profits.

April 29, 1870—tf

LADY'S STORE,

AT FLORA DALE, PA.

WE have on hand and are constantly receiving a general assortment of GOODS usually kept in a country store, which will be sold at

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

All goods bought from us will be made up if desired, on the Singer Sewing Machine at a reduced price. Sewing of all kinds done at short notice and low rates.

May 13 1870—3m EPPLEY & HOOPES.

NEW

Spring & Summer Goods,

AT PETERSBURG, Y. S., PA.

GRIEST & BOWERS,

have received their new SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, an excellent assortment, selected with care, and will be sold cheap for cash.

☞Give us call a and examine our Goods.

GRIEST & BOWERS.

N. B.—Agents for the GROVER & BAKER Sewing Machines.

April 29, 1870—tf

T. B. COVER. A. RAFFENSPERGER.

NEW FIRM.

ARENDTSVILLE, PA.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership, under the firm name of COVER & RAFFENSPERGER, call the attention of their friends and the public generally, to their splendid assortment of NEW SPRING AND SUMMER

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hardware, Queensware,

all of which have been purchased in a falling market for cash, and which we are prepared to sell at the very lowest prices. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞A lot of good Rails for sale.

TOBIAS R. COVER.
A. RAFFENSPERGER.
Arendtsville, Pa., April 15, 1870.—tf

Watches and Jewelry.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

WM. P. M'CARTNEY wishes to inform his customers and the public generally, that having purchased the interest of his partner, (L. V. R. Boyer,) in the Watch and Jewelry Store on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, he will spare no effort to give satisfaction to all.

He has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of

GOLD and SILVER AMERICAN and SWISS WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER TEA and TABLE SPOONS, FORKS, GOLD, SILVER and STEEL FRAME SPECTACLES; also, CLOCKS of the best Manufacture, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, VIOLIN STRINGS, GUITAR STRINGS, SCREWS and BRIDGES.

☞Watch and Clock work warranted for one year. Jewelry repairing executed in a neat and workmanlike manner. [Sept. 10, 1869.—tf

Financial.

GETTYSBURG

NATIONAL BANK!

Government Bonds of all kinds,

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

The Highest Premium paid on Gold and Silver.

Coupons Cashed or Collected!

Persons desiring to invest in STOCKS or BONDS, of any kind, are invited to call, as we have the facilities of New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore markets. Consequently all orders are promptly executed

Persons possessing COUPON BONDS, and desiring for safety to convert into Registered, are requested to call, as we have the advantage to transfer at a trifling expense.

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS of all denominations for sale.

INTEREST ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS *advanced* 1 *per cent. viz:*

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,
4 PER CENT. for 6 months,
3 PER CENT. for 6 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds and Stocks of all kinds, are requested to give us a call, and we will cheerfully give any information.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Nov. 5, 1869—tf

SAFE AND PROFITABLE

INVESTMENT.

NORTHERN CENTRAL

RAILWAY

6 Per Cent. Gold Bonds

AT PAR AND ACCRUED INTEREST IN CURRENCY.

PRINCIPLE AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD!

Thirty Years to Run!!

All Taxes Paid by the Company.

changing,

From $150 to $175 on $1,000,

AND GET IN EXCHANGE

GOLD BONDS

bearing the same rate of interest.

☞For further information inquire at the

Gettysburg National Bank

J. EMORY BAIR, *Cashier.*
June 10, 1870.—tf

5-20'S AND 1881'S

BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS.

GOLD BOUGHT & SOLD

AT MARKET RATES.

COUPONS CASHED!

PACIFIC R. R. BONDS

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STOCKS

Bought and Sold on Commission only.

CHICAGO, DANVILLE AND VINCENNES

FIRST MORTGAGE 7 P. C.

GOLD BONDS

For Sale at 90 and accrued interest.

Accounts received and Interest allowed on daily balances subject to check

DE HAVEN & BRO.,

No. 40 South 3rd Street.

PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

March 4, 1870.—1y

Life and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY

MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated, March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice-President—Samuel R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—R. G. Fahnestock.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.
Managers—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, S. R. Russell, R. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin; H. A. Picking, Straban; Abdiel F. Gilt, New Oxford; Wm. Ross Wible, Liberty; H. C. Peters, Petersburg, (Y. S.)

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 19 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $20,000. Any person desiring as Insurance can apply to either of the managers.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

June 10, 1869—tf

Medical.

HOW TO CURE

CONSUMPTION!!

THE PHILOSOPHY OF DR. SCHENCK'S GREAT MEDICINES.—We will quite never learn to know that a diseased liver and stomach necessarily disease the entire system? The plainest principles of common sense teach this, and yet there are hundreds who ridicule the idea, and continue in the course which almost inevitably brings them permaturely to the grave. Living as the majority of the people do, at complete variance with the laws of nature, it must be apparent to all that, sooner or later, nature will revenge herself. Hence we find that persons who indulge to excess in the use of very rich or indigestible food or intoxicating drinks, invariably pay a heavy penalty in the end. The stomach becomes disordered and refuses to act; the liver fails to perform its functions, dyspepsia and its attendant evils follow, and still the suffering individuals persist in clinging to the thoroughly exploded ideas of the past. Dr. Schenck's medicines are recommended to all such. They bring sure and certain relief wherever they are used as directed, and all that is necessary to establish their reputation with every ailing man or woman in the land is a fair and impartial trial of them. Let those who are skeptical on this point, and who have permitted interested persons to prejudice them against these now celebrated remedies for Consumption, discard their prejudices, and be governed by the principles of reason and common sense. If the system is disordered depend upon it, in nine cases out of ten the seat of disorder will be found in the stomach and liver. To cleanse and invigorate the stomach and to stimulate the liver to healthy action, use

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS.—The daily increasing demand for these pills is the best evidence of their value. Thousands upon thousands of boxes are sold daily. Why? Simply because they act promptly and efficiently. Those who may not find it convenient to call on Dr. Schenck in person are informed that full and complete directions for use accompany each package of the MANDRAKE PILLS, PULMONIC SYRUP AND SEAWEED TONIC. These medicines will cure consumption unless the lungs are so far gone that the patient is entirely beyond the reach of medical relief.

It may be asked by those who are not familiar with the virtues of these great remedies, "How do Dr. Schenck's medicines effect their wonderful cures of consumption?"

The answer is a simple one. They begin their work of restoration by bringing the stomach, liver and bowels into an active healthy condition. It is food that cures this terrible disease, and SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS act on the liver and stomach, promoting digestion, creating and removing the bile and slime which have resulted from the inactive or torpid condition of these organs, and of the system generally. Next this sluggish state of the body, and the consequent accumulation of the unhealthy substances named prevent the proper digestion of food, and, as a natural consequence creates disease, which results in prostration and finally in death.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP and SEAWEED TONIC, when taken regularly, mingle with the food, aid the digestive organs, make good rich blood, and as a natural consequence, give flesh and strength to the patient. Let the facility say what it may, this is the only true cure for consumption. Experience has proved it beyond the shadow of a doubt, and thousands are to-day alive and well who a few years since were regarded as hopeless cases, but who were induced to try Dr. Schenck's remedies, and were restored to permanent health by their use.

One of the first steps the physician should take with a consumptive patient is to invigorate the system. Now how is this to be done? Certainly not by giving medicines that exhaust and enervate —medicines that impair instead of improve the functions of the digestive organs. Dr. Schenck's medicines cleanse the stomach and bowels of all substances which are calculated to irritate or weaken them. They create an appetite—promote healthful digestion—make good blood, and, as a consequence, they invigorate and strengthen the entire system, and more especially those parts which are diseased. If this cannot be done, then the case must be regarded as a hopeless one.

If the physician finds it impossible to make a PATIENT FEEL HUNGRY, if the diseased person cannot partake of good nourishing food and properly digest it, how impossible it is for man gain flesh and strength; and it is equally impossible to bring a patient to this condition so long as the liver is burdened with diseased bile, and the stomach laden with unhealthy slime.

Almost the first request made to the physician by a consumptive patient is that he will prescribe medicine that will remove or allay the cough night sweats and chills, which are the sure attendants on consumption. But this should not be done, as the cough is only an effort of nature to relieve itself, and the night sweats and chills are caused by the diseased lungs. The remedies originally prescribed do more harm than good.—They impair the functions of the stomach, impede healthy digestion, and aggravate rather than cure the disease.

There is, after all, nothing like facts with which to substantiate a position, and it is upon facts that Dr. Schenck relies. Nearly all who have taken his medicines in accordance with his directions have not only been cured of consumption, but, from the fact that these medicines act with wonderful power upon the digestive organs, have thus cured specially pain. Cleansing the system of all impurities, they lay the foundation for a solid, substantial structure. Restoring these organs to health, they create an appetite. The food is properly assimilated; the quality of blood is not only increased, but is made rich and strong and in the face of such a condition of the system all disease must be banished.

Full directions accompany each of the medicines, so that it is not absolutely necessary that patients should see Dr. Schenck personally, unless they desire to have their lungs examined. For this purpose he is at his principle office, No. 15 North Sixth St., corner of Commerce, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 12 M.

Advice is given without charge, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer the charge is $5.00.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each, $1.50 a bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. (June 10, 1870-1y

CELEBRATED

PREPARATION

FOR

CLEANING THE BLOOD

WILL CURE

erefula, Cutaneous Diseases, Erysipelas, Boils, Sore Eyes, Scald Head, Pimples and Blotches on the Face, Tetter Affections, Old and Stubborn Ulcers, Rheumatic Affections, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Jaundice, General Debility, Chills and Fever, Foul Stomach, together with all other Diseases Arising from Impure Blood and Disordered Liver.

TRY ONE BOTTLE OR PACKAGE

And be convinced that this medicine is no humbug. Sold by all Druggists.

CAUTION.

Drs. D. Fahrney & Son's Preparation for Cleansing the Blood is COUNTERFEITED. The genuine has the name "D. FAHRNEY & SON" on the front of the outside wrapper of every bottle, and the name of Drs. D. Fahrney & Son's Preparation for Cleansing the Blood, Boonsboro', Md., blown in each bottle. All others are COUNTERFEIT. Recollect that it is Drs. D. Fahrney & Son's Celebrated Preparation for Cleansing the Blood that is so universally used, and so highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything else that they may say is just the same or as good, because they make a large profit on it.

PREPARED BY

DRS. D. FAHRNEY & SON,

BOONSBORO', MD.,

And Dr. P. D. Fahrney, Keedysville, Md.

Be sure to get the genuine. None genuine unless signed D. FAHRNEY & SON.
June 10, 1870.—6m

COUGHS, INFLUENZA,

Sore Throat, Colds, Whooping-Cough, Liver Complaint, Bronchitis, Asthma, Bleeding of the Lungs, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, are speedily and permanently cured by the use of

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF

WILD CHERRY.

This well known preparation does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, as in the case of most medicines, but it loosens and cleanses the Lungs and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of complaint.

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors.

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, and sold by dealers generally.

April 1, 1870—1ync2a

Photograph Galleries.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

TIPTON & MYERS'

EXCELSIOR GALLERIES

York Street, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

Pictures of all styles. Views of the

BATTLE-FIELD!

SEND STAMP FOR CATALOGUE.

FRAMES, ALBUMS, &c.

☞Sole Agents for Barnaby & Millard's Patent Reveiving Albums.

Dec 3, 1869—tf

Photographic Gallery!

JACOB PENSIL

Is prepared at all times to execute in the finest style of the art all kinds of

PHOTOGRAPHS,

Ambrotypes, Bon Tons, Cartes, Imperials, and all other styles,

at his Gallery on Baltimore street, nearly opposite Fahnestock Bro's. Store, Gettysburg; also, all styles of

Albums, Photograph Frames, &c.,

constantly on hand and for sale cheap. Give me a call. [April 22, 1870—tf

Forwarding Houses.

LOOK HERE!

THE undersigned has leased the Ware-house on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, Gettysburg, Pa. and will carry on the

Grain & Produce Business

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy Seeds, Flaxseed, Sumac, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruit, Nuts, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES

OF ALL KINDS

constantly for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Soda, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap, &c.; also, Coal Oil, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

He is always able to supply a first-rate article of Flour, with the different kinds of Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL by the bushel, ton or car load.

He will also run a

Line of Freight Cars

to No. 165 North Howard street, BALTIMORE, and No. 811 Market street, PHILADELPHIA.—All goods sent to either place will be received and forwarded promptly. All goods should be marked "CRESS' CAR."

April 2, 1869.—tf JOHN CRESS.

JOSEPH WIBLE. J. E. WIBLE.

Joseph Wible & Son,

PRODUCE DEALERS,

South-east cor. of Railroad and Washington sts., GETTYSBURG, PA.

HIGHEST cash price paid for all kinds of Grain, Hay, Straw and Country Produce generally. Constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES,

The best brands of FERTILIZERS constantly on hand, or secured at short notice.

April 22, 1870.—tf

NEW FIRM.

A. E. ECKENRODE

HAS taken the Warehouse, lately occupied by Philip Hann, at Granite Station, on the line of the Gettysburg Railroad, 2 miles from Hunterstown, and will deal in all kinds of

Grain and Produce,

giving the highest market price. I will also keep constantly on hand for sale all kinds of

GROCERIES,

Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, &c., with Salt, Fish, Oils, Tar, Soaps, Bacon and Lard. Tobacco, &c. Also, the best brands of FLOUR, with FEED of all kinds; also, COAL.

☞I respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends, and invite the public to call and examine my stock.

Jan. 22.—1. A. E. ECKENRODE.

ROBERT M'CURDY,

DEALER IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned is paying at his Warehouse, in Carlisle street adjoining Buehler's Hall, the highest prices for

*Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Buckwheat, Corer and Timothy Seeds, Pot